

Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board

Agenda

Tuesday, 6 February 2024 at 5.00 p.m.
Council Chamber - Town Hall, Whitechapel

Members:

Chair: Councillor Gulam Kibria Choudhury

Councillor Kabir Ahmed, Cabinet Member for Housing Management and Performance
Councillor Saied Ahmed, Cabinet Member for Resources
Councillor Maium Talukdar, Cabinet Member for Education & Childrens Services
Dr Somen Banerjee, Director of Public Health, LBTH
Layla Richards, Acting Director Representing Corporate Director Children Social Care
Denise Radley, (Corporate Director, Health and Social Care)
Matthew Adrien, Service Director at Healthwatch Tower Hamlets
Dr Neil Ashman, Chief Executive of The Royal London and Mile End hospitals
Dr Ian Basnett, Public Health Director, Barts Health NHS Trust
Councillor Ahmodur Khan, Chair of the Health Scrutiny Sub-Committee
Councillor Amy Lee, Non-Executive Largest Opposition Group Councillor
Lucie Butler, Director of Nursing and Governance, Barts Health
Amy Gibbs, Chair of Tower Hamlets Together
Zainab Arian, Acting Chief Executive Officer at Tower Hamlets GP Care Group CIC
Vicky Scott, Chief Executive Officer THCVS
Warwick Tomsett, Joint Director, Integrated Commissioning
Helen Wilson, Clarion Housing/THHF - representative to HWBB

Substitutes: Councillor Suluk Ahmed, Councillor Iqbal Hossain and Councillor Mohammad Chowdhury

[The quorum for this body is 3 voting Members]

Contact for further enquiries:





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<http://www.towerhamlets.gov.uk/committee>



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Public Information

Questions

Before the formal business of the Board is considered, up to 15 minutes are available for public questions on any items of business on the agenda. Please send questions to the Officer below by 5pm the day before the meeting.

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A Guide to the Health and Wellbeing Board

The aim of the Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board (HWBB) is to improve the health and wellbeing of Borough residents. To achieve this, the Board will carry out the following:

To encourage joint working between health or social services providers in Tower Hamlets for the advancement of the health and wellbeing of Borough residents.

To identify needs and priorities across Tower Hamlets and publish and refresh the Tower Hamlets Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) so that future commissioning/policy decisions are based on evidence.

To prepare the Joint Health and Wellbeing Strategy.

To be involved in the development of any Clinical Commissioning Group Commissioning (CCG) Plan that applies to Tower Hamlets and to give its opinion to the CCG on any such proposed plan.

To communicate and engage with local people on how they could achieve the best possible quality of life and be supported to exercise choice and control over their personal health and wellbeing. This will involve working with Local HealthWatch to make sure there's a continuous dialogue with the public to ensure services are meeting need.

To carry out new functions as requested by the Secretary of State and as advised in guidance issued from time to time.

The quorum of the Board in the Terms of Reference is a quarter of the membership.

Public Engagement

Meetings of the committee are open to the public to attend, and a timetable for meeting dates and deadlines can be found on the council's website.



London Borough of Tower Hamlets

Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board

Tuesday, 6 February 2024

5.00 p.m.

1. STANDING ITEMS OF BUSINESS

1.1 Welcome, Introductions and Apologies for Absence

To receive apologies for absence and subsequently the Chair to welcome those present to the meeting and request introductions.

1.2 Minutes of the Previous Meeting and Matters Arising (Pages 7 - 12)

To confirm as a correct record the minutes of the meeting of the Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board held on. Also to consider matters arising.

1.3 Declarations of Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (Pages 13 - 16)

To note any declarations of interest made by members of the Board. (See attached note of Monitoring Officer).

ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION

2. Health Promoting Leisure Services - TO FOLLOW

REPORT TO FOLLOW:

3. North-East London Joint Forward Plan

4. Tower Hamlets Together Priorities (PAGES 85 - 88)

REPORT TO FOLLOW:

5. Partnership Executive Group Plan (PAGES 89 - 96)

REPORT TO FOLLOW:

6. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

To consider any other business the Chair considers to be urgent.



Next Meeting of the Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board

Tuesday, 16 April 2024 at 5.00 p.m. to be held in Council Chamber - Town Hall,
Whitechapel



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Tower Hamlets Council
Tower Hamlets Town Hall
160 Whitechapel Road
London E1 1BJ

LONDON BOROUGH OF TOWER HAMLETS

MINUTES OF THE TOWER HAMLETS HEALTH AND WELLBEING BOARD

HELD AT 5.00 P.M. ON TUESDAY, 5 DECEMBER 2023

COUNCIL CHAMBER - TOWN HALL, WHITECHAPEL

Members Present in Person:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Councillor Gulam Kibria Choudhury | Cabinet Member for Adults, Health and Wellbeing |
| Councillor Ahmodur Khan | Chair of the Health Scrutiny Sub-Committee |
| Councillor Amy Lee | Non-Executive Largest Opposition Group Councillor |
| Dr Neil Ashman | Chief Executive of The Royal London and Mile End hospitals |
| Zainab Arian | Acting Chief Executive Officer at Tower Hamlets GP Care Group CIC |
| Dr Somen Banerjee | Director of Public Health, LBTH |
| Dr Ian Basnett | Public Health Director, Barts Health NHS Trust |
| Vicky Scott | Chief Executive Officer THCVS |
| Warwick Tomsett | Joint Director, Integrated Commissioning |

Members In Attendance Virtually:

| | |
|---------------|---|
| Denise Radley | (Corporate Director, Health and Social Care) |
| Helen Wilson | Clarion Housing/THHF - representative to HWBB |

Apologies:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Councillor Kabir Ahmed | (Cabinet Member for Regeneration, Inclusive Development and Housebuilding) |
| Councillor Saied Ahmed | (Cabinet Member for Resources and the Cost of Living) |
| Councillor Maium Talukdar | (Deputy Mayor and Cabinet Member for Education, Youth and Lifelong Learning (Statutory Deputy Mayor)) |
| Matthew Adrien | Service Director at Healthwatch Tower Hamlets |
| Amy Gibbs | Chair of Tower Hamlets Together |

Others Present in Person:

| | |
|------------------|--|
| Charlotte Pomery | Chief Participation and Place Officer, NHS North East London |
| Julie Dublin | Senior Programme Manager, Unplanned Care |

Officers Present in Person:

| | |
|----------------|--|
| Ranjit Matharu | Partnership Board Manager |
| Suki Kaur | (Deputy Director of Partnership Development) |
| Ben Gladstone | (Deputy Director of Commissioning of Older People) |
| Layla Richards | (Head of Strategy and Policy – Children and Culture) |
| Adam Price | Strategy & Policy Lead (HA&C) |
| Joel West | (Democratic Services Team Leader (Committee)) |

Officers In Attendance Virtually:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Carrie Kilpatrick | Deputy Director for Mental Health and Joint Commissioning |
|-------------------|---|

1. STANDING ITEMS OF BUSINESS

2. WELCOME, INTRODUCTIONS AND APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

The Chair welcomed all attendees to the meeting and noted the apologies that had been received.

2.1 Minutes of the Previous Meeting and Matters Arising

RESOLVED

1. That the minutes of the Board meeting of 19 September 2023 were agreed as a correct record.

3. DECLARATIONS OF DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTERESTS

There were none.

4. ITEMS FOR CONSIDERATION

4.1 Review of the Terms of Reference of the Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board

Somen Banerjee, Director of Public Health introduced the report that proposed changes to the Board's Terms of Reference to reflect the changes to the Integrated Care System covering the borough, the draft guidance on Health and Wellbeing Boards, to clarify voting rights and quorum, and also to better reflect the Board's purpose and function.

RESOLVED that the Board:

1. Recommends the proposed revised Terms of Reference as set out in Appendix 2 to the report to the Mayor for approval.

Big Conversation Presentation

Charlotte Pomery, Chief Participation and Place Officer, NHS North East London, provided the Board with a brief presentation on the Big Conversation (BC). Charlotte explained that over the summer, the ICP surveyed around 2000 local people. The conversation focused on the four priorities for improving quality and outcomes and tackling health inequalities. The data from all the conversations was still being analysed but four themes had been identified. Charlotte explained the four main themes arising and next steps, including how the BC would work to develop success measures that were underpinned by BC findings. She also explained how the BC had aimed to reach-out to otherwise hard to reach voices.

Further to questions from the Board, Charlotte:

- Explained her view of the potential overlaps and synergy between the work of the Big Conversation and Healthwatch. She felt BC provided an important additional source of residents input to complement Healthwatch.
- Commented on the statistical relevancy of the respondent sample of 1,000 responses. She stressed that, whilst the sample was relevant, the feedback formed part of an ongoing, not a one-off, conversation. She expressed hope the work would develop and future feedback would supplement those received to date.

Further to questions, the Board made the following observations:

- It was important for the Board to understand how the ICB and the Board could work together to achieve the priorities identified.
- There were reassuring links and consistencies between this work and the Council's Children and Families Strategy.

RESOLVED that:

1. The Board noted the presentation.

4.3 Combating Drugs Partnership

Adam Price, Strategy and Policy Lead for Adults Social Care provided the Board with a brief presentation on the multi-agency Combating Drugs Partnership priorities. Adam provided an overview of the three Strategic Priorities and the six overarching outcomes. Finally he summarised the Partnership's next steps, how success would be monitored and an overview of the governance of the multi-agency partnership.

- Further to questions from Board members, Adam and Ann Corbett (Director of Community Safety) explained
- How alcohol abuse fitted into the partnership's work. The Board discussed how new data reflected that the pattern of alcohol abuse and harm had changed and that the impact of alcohol abuse was very high and not only amongst the most deprived elements of the population. The

Board also discussed the relationship between alcohol and youth violence, which was currently subject of research and data analysis.

- That the metrics for success of the proposed strategy had yet to be developed.

Further to questions, the Board made the following observations:

- A representative of the boroughs registered social landlords (RSLs) would add value to the partnership. Housing officers were felt to often represent the first line in drug-related issues.
- The partnership must be alive to the risks posed by new and dangerous substances such as Fentanyl and Nitazenes
- Whether the relationship between the partnership and local VCS organisations was able to best reach those community groups within which drug use was more prevalent.

RESOLVED that the Board noted the presentation.

4.4 Winter Planning

Julie Dublin, Senior Programme Manager, Unplanned Care and Ben Gladstone, Service Head, Ageing Well, introduced the 2023/24 Winter Plan Update report. The winter plan was being developed to provide additional resource to support Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC) resilience and performance during winter October 2023 to March 2024. The plan had been developed in collaboration with stakeholders representing system partners, from across health and social care. Ben and Julie provided a brief presentation setting out the context, themes, governance as well as an overview of the individual schemes and how each would be funded, where necessary.

Further to questions from the Board, Julie and Ben explained that it was too early to assess the benefits of warm spaces/hubs initiatives, but data would be assessed as part of overall commissioning.

Further to questions, the Board made the following observations:

- Addressing low Covid vaccine take-up remains challenging in the borough, especially amongst Bangladeshi population. Building trust and communication is key to addressing this.
- There were important links between this work and the Better Care Fund (BCF) (report elsewhere on the agenda) including alignment with the BCF indicators.

4.5 Better Care Fund spending

Suki Kaur Deputy Director of Partnership Development, NHS North East London introduced the report that provided an update on the review of the two-year BCF plan was signed, originally agreed in July 2023. Suki explained the

purpose of the review and how the BCF funds aligned to objectives. Suki also explained that, as at Q2 2023/24, four of the five indicators were off track. Deep dive reviews would help to understand whether the schemes were having the intended impact. Suki provided an overview of the Intermediate Care and Falls Pathway Review and explained the next steps which include taking a decision by March 2024 whether to refresh the BCF.

Further to questions from the Board, Suki explained that the position of the BCF in Tower Hamlets was similar to neighbouring London boroughs, but wider national benchmarking was not available.

Further to questions, the Board made the following observations:

- It was important to note that the Council was ahead of both London and national benchmarks for supporting most people in their home. Despite an ambitious target, performance compared well to others.
- It would be helpful to include data on underlying inequalities in the specification.
- It would be helpful to include how partners have addressed and aligned resources to inform any future decisions on redistribution.

RESOLVED that:

The Board notes the update report.

5. ANY OTHER BUSINESS

Layla Richards, Acting Director Commissioning and Youth provided a brief verbal update on the preparation of the SEND strategy, for which the Board was a key stakeholder. A pre-consultation draft of the strategy would be presented to the Board in Spring 2024, with the final version brought in Summer 2024.

The meeting ended at 6.20 p.m.

Chair, Councillor Gulam Kibria Choudhury
Tower Hamlets Health and Wellbeing Board

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DECLARATIONS OF INTERESTS - NOTE FROM THE MONITORING OFFICER

This note is for guidance only. For further details please consult the Members' Code of Conduct at Part 5.1 of the Council's Constitution.

Please note that the question of whether a Member has an interest in any matter, and whether or not that interest is a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest, is for that Member to decide. Advice is available from officers as listed below but they cannot make the decision for the Member. If in doubt as to the nature of an interest it is advisable to seek advice **prior** to attending a meeting.

Interests and Disclosable Pecuniary Interests (DPIs)

You have an interest in any business of the authority where that business relates to or is likely to affect any of the persons, bodies or matters listed in section 4.1 (a) of the Code of Conduct; and might reasonably be regarded as affecting the well-being or financial position of yourself, a member of your family or a person with whom you have a close association, to a greater extent than the majority of other council tax payers, ratepayers or inhabitants of the ward affected.

You must notify the Monitoring Officer in writing of any such interest, for inclusion in the Register of Members' Interests which is available for public inspection and on the Council's Website.

Once you have recorded an interest in the Register, you are not then required to declare that interest at each meeting where the business is discussed, unless the interest is a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest (DPI).

A DPI is defined in Regulations as a pecuniary interest of any of the descriptions listed at **Appendix A** overleaf. Please note that a Member's DPIs include his/her own relevant interests and also those of his/her spouse or civil partner; or a person with whom the Member is living as husband and wife; or a person with whom the Member is living as if they were civil partners; if the Member is aware that that other person has the interest.

Effect of a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest on participation at meetings

Where you have a DPI in any business of the Council you must, unless you have obtained a dispensation from the authority's Monitoring Officer following consideration by the Dispensations Sub-Committee of the Standards Advisory Committee:-

- not seek to improperly influence a decision about that business; and
- not exercise executive functions in relation to that business.

If you are present at a meeting where that business is discussed, you must:-

- Disclose to the meeting the existence and nature of the interest at the start of the meeting or when the interest becomes apparent, if later; and
- Leave the room (including any public viewing area) for the duration of consideration and decision on the item and not seek to influence the debate or decision

When declaring a DPI, Members should specify the nature of the interest and the agenda item to which the interest relates. This procedure is designed to assist the public's understanding of the meeting and to enable a full record to be made in the minutes of the meeting.

Where you have a DPI in any business of the authority which is not included in the Member's register of interests and you attend a meeting of the authority at which the business is considered, in addition to disclosing the interest to that meeting, you must also within 28 days notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest for inclusion in the Register.

Further advice

For further advice please contact:-

Asmat Hussain, Corporate Director, Governance & Monitoring Officer,
Telephone Number: 020 7364 4800

APPENDIX A: Definition of a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest

(Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012, Reg 2 and Schedule)

| Subject | Prescribed description |
|---|---|
| Employment, office, trade, profession or vacation | Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain. |
| Sponsorship | <p>Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by the Member in carrying out duties as a member, or towards the election expenses of the Member.</p> <p>This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.</p> |
| Contracts | <p>Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the relevant authority—</p> <p>(a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and</p> <p>(b) which has not been fully discharged.</p> |
| Land | Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the relevant authority. |
| Licences | Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer. |
| Corporate tenancies | <p>Any tenancy where (to the Member's knowledge)—</p> <p>(a) the landlord is the relevant authority; and</p> <p>(b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.</p> |
| Securities | <p>Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where—</p> <p>(a) that body (to the Member's knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and</p> <p>(b) either—</p> <p>(i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or</p> <p>(ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.</p> |

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Agenda Item 3



Tower Hamlets HWBB

[insert date of meeting]

| | |
|--|--|
| Title of report | NEL Joint Forward Plan 2024/25 Refresh |
| Author | Anna Carratt |
| Presented by | Warwick Tomsett/ Warren Leung |
| Contact for further information | a.carratt@nhs.net warren.leung@nhs.net |
| Executive summary | <p>1.1 The NEL Joint Forward Plan (NEL JFP) 2024-2025 Refresh <u>draft</u> document, attached, follows on from the first JFP 23/24 submitted in June 2023. The expectation is that our system's five-year plan is refreshed yearly and submitted to NHSE by the end of March each year. It will therefore continue to describe how we will, as a system, deliver our Integrated Care Partnership Strategy as well as core NHS services.</p> <p>1.2 As a partnership, we continue to work towards developing a cohesive and comprehensive delivery plan for meeting all the challenges we face. As part of these annual refreshes going forward we will work with local people, partners and stakeholders to iterate and improve the plan as we develop our partnership, to ensure it stays relevant and useful to partners across the system.</p> <p>1.3 For next year's 2024/2025 refresh we have maintained much of the core information and headlines that are in the current iteration. Updating and amending statistics and information where relevant.</p> <p>1.4 Key additions that will be made for next year's NEL JFP include dedicated slides for our Place-based Partnerships and the identified cross-cutting themes within our interim strategy, as well as all our system improvement portfolios.</p> <p>1.5 At this stage it must be emphasised that this version of the JFP is <u>draft</u> with refinements taking place until 23rd February.</p> |
| Action / recommendation | The board/ committee/ THT are asked to: |

| | |
|---|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • note why the JFP refresh is being undertaken and the approach being followed in order to deliver a refreshed NEL 24/25 JFP by March 2024. • note the amended content proposed • review and comment on the first JFP 24/25 draft document (Appendix 1- Draft JFP 24/25) |
| Previous reporting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ CAG – 6th Dec 2023 ▪ Havering HWBB – 20th Dec 2023 ▪ ONEL JOSC – 9th Jan 2024 ▪ Acute Provider Collaborative Execs – 9th Jan 2024 ▪ ICP Committee – 10th Jan 2024 ▪ Primary Care Collaborative sub-committee – 10th Jan 2024 ▪ Community Health Collaborative Sub-Committee 15th Jan 2024 ▪ All Place HWBBs and/ or Health & Care Partnership Boards – Jan to Feb 2024 ▪ INEL JOSC – 23RD Jan 2024 ▪ MHLDA Collaborative sub-committee – 31st Jan 2024 |
| Next steps/ onward reporting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Exec Committee (sign-off) – 7th Mar 2024 ▪ CAG (sign-off) – 13th Mar 2024 ▪ ICB Board (sign-off) – 27th Mar 2024 |
| Conflicts of interest | N/A |
| Strategic fit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To improve outcomes in population health and healthcare • To tackle inequalities in outcomes, experience and access • To enhance productivity and value for money • To support broader social and economic development |
| Impact on local people, health inequalities and sustainability | The yearly refreshes of the NEL Joint Forward Plan aim to support the maturity of our system in being able to deliver our four core priorities and cross cutting themes, which in turn are linked to reducing health inequalities. |
| Impact on finance, performance and quality | <p>The Joint Forward Plan, in itself does not detail the finance, performance and quality aspects of the system. Though compliments understanding of these elements alongside system documentation that are also in development e.g. the operating plans.</p> <p>NOTE: Recent national guidance release in December 2023 request that ICBs develop a 'capital resource plan' to which the contents of the Joint Forward Plan be consistent with.</p> |
| Risks | <p>Timelines are a risk:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Joint Forward Plan submission to NHSE in March 2024 • System planning prioritisation to be concluded before the end of March 2024 |

| | |
|--|--|
| | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• National guidance delays (as of 03/01/24 publication of the national operational planning guidance is delayed) |
|--|--|

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Joint Forward Plan 24/25 Refresh:

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Tower Hamlets HWBB

6TH February 2024

Introduction and considerations for the TH HWBB:

- NEL ICB was formed on 1 July 2022 following the [Health and Care Act 2022](#), and we published our interim Integrated Care Strategy in January 2023. This was followed by the [Joint Forward Plan 2023/24](#), our first five-year plan.
 - We are required to refresh the Joint Forward Plan (JFP) yearly, to reflect what we set out to deliver in the coming years.
 - We heard from our partners last year that they would like us to engage with them earlier in the process. These slides outlines how we have structured our system planning process for 24/25 and where the JFP fits in, the steps we are taking to refresh the JFP for 24/25 as well as the main changes from the previous year.
 - Our Places-based Partnerships have been developing their plans for 2024/25, of which an overview is included in the JFP 24/25.
- We have included an unedited first DRAFT of the JFP 24/25 as an appendix, to indicate the direction of travel. A further draft will be available by end of January 2024, with a final draft by end of February. The ICB Board will be asked to approve the JFP 24/25 in March 2024.

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Considerations for the TH HWBB membership:

Within the context of our interim integrated care strategy, members are asked to:

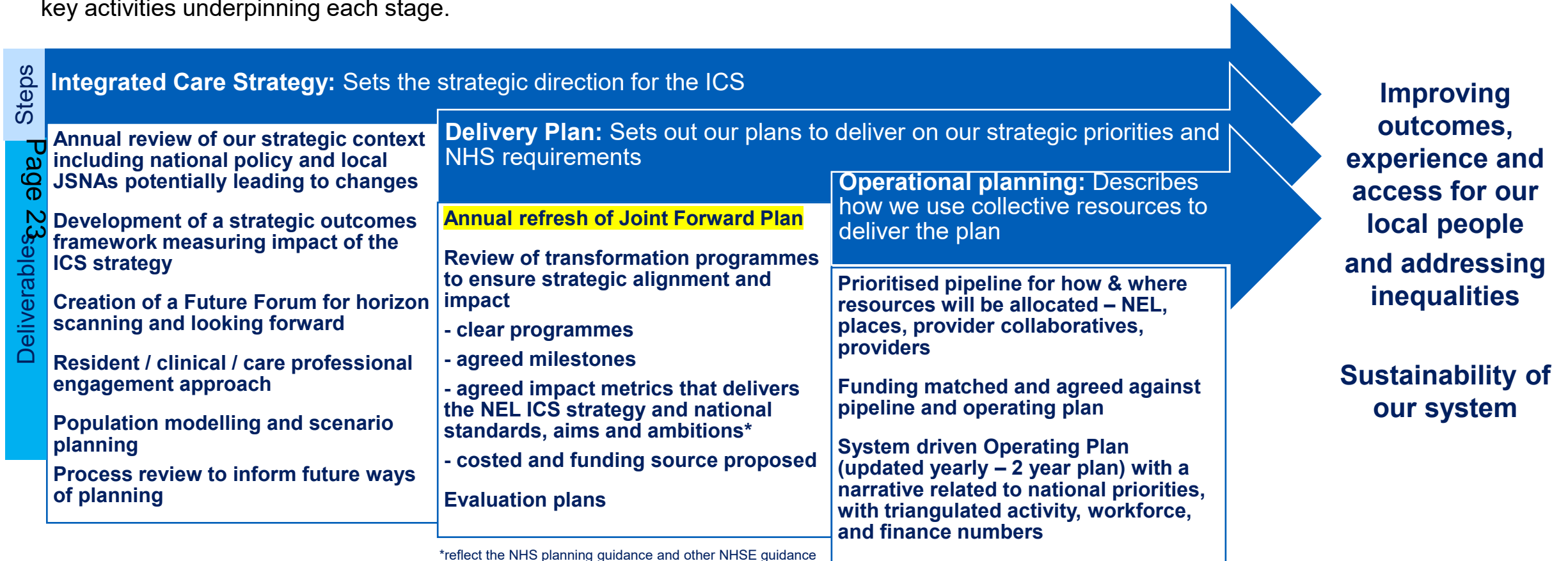
- 1) note why the JFP refresh is being undertaken and the approach being followed in order to deliver a refreshed NEL 24/25 JFP by March 2024.
- 2) note the amended content proposed
- 3) review and comment on the first JFP 24/25 draft document (Appendix 1- Draft JFP 24/25)

Overview of system planning approach

The NEL system planning cycle has been divided into three steps:

1. integrated care strategy
2. delivery plan
3. operational planning

These are outlined below with related deliverables included below each step. These are not comprehensive but indicate some of the key activities underpinning each stage.



*reflect the NHS planning guidance and other NHSE guidance

Joint Forward Plan (JFP) Refresh for 24/ 25 - next steps

- Based on feedback and lessons learnt from this year’s JFP development, we are now engaging with NEL System stakeholders earlier within the system planning cycle in order to ensure improved awareness and input to the 24/25 JFP.
- There will be annual refreshes of the JFP going forward in order to ensure that the document remains current. This JFP refresh continues to describe the challenges that we face as a system in meeting the health and care needs of our local people, but also the assets we hold within our partnership.

High-level timeline

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24 November 2023
We asked all slide contributors to submit their initial draft plans for 2024/25 for the JFP, providing a summary list of projects, and resourcing requirements.

13 December 2023
A portfolio workshop will be held with leads from the system portfolios, Places, cross-cutting themes and enablers. We aim to develop greater cohesion between portfolios, identify any synergies or duplication we need to address, but also to allow everyone share feedback on each other’s plans.

9 January 2024
We will ask for updated slides based on the feedback from the December workshop.

February 2024
By 23rd February, all JFP contributors will need to submit their final plans/ JFP slide input, ready for sign off via appropriate meetings prior to submission by end of March 2024.

Main changes from the previous JFP

As we published our first JFP on 30 June 2023, we propose to keep the 2023/24 structure of the JFP, with some minor adjustments, as outlined below. Where references are made to figures, these will be updated to reflect the latest position.

Main additions:

- New slides to ensure we cover:
 - all our strategic system improvement portfolios in addition to our four strategic system priorities
 - our Place plans
 - our six cross-cutting themes and
 - our enables
- We have also included new slides outlining:
 - what is important to our residents and how it impacts our plans
 - our successes to date
 - how we are developing a strategic outcomes framework to help us assess if we are having an impact

Appendix 1:

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24/25 Joint forward plan - draft document

(Note: Not for wider circulation)

North East London (NEL) Joint Forward Plan - Refresh

December 2023

DRAFT

ALL SLIDES WITHIN THIS PACK ARE DRAFT VERSIONS

V4.2

1. Introduction

Introduction

- This Joint Forward Plan is north east London's second five-year plan since the establishment of NHS NEL. In this plan, we build upon the first, refreshing and updating the challenges that we face as a system in meeting the health and care needs of our local people, but also the assets we hold within our partnership.
- We know that the current model of health and care provision in north east London needs to adapt and improve to meet the needs of our growing and changing population and in this plan we describe the substantial portfolio of transformation programmes that are seeking to do just that. We have now also included new slides on our cross cutting themes and each of our seven Place based partnerships.
- The plan sets out the range of actions we are taking as a system to address the urgent pressures currently facing our services, the work we are undertaking collaboratively to improve the health and care of our population and reduce inequalities, and how we are developing key enablers such as our estate and digital infrastructure as well as financial sustainability.
- Our Joint Forward Plan will be refreshed yearly to reflect that, as a partnership, we have continual work to do to develop a cohesive and complete action plan for meeting all the challenges we face together. We will work with local people, partners and stakeholders to update and improve the plan yearly as we develop our partnership, to ensure it stays relevant and useful to partners across the system.

Highlighting the distinct challenges we face as we seek to create a sustainable health and care system serving the people of north east London

In submitting our Joint Forward Plan, we are asking for greater recognition of three key strategic challenges that are beyond our direct control. The impact of these challenges is increasingly affecting our ability to improve population health and inequalities, and to sustain core services and our system over the coming years.

- **Poverty and deprivation** – which is more severe and widely spread compared with other parts of London and England, and further exacerbated by the pandemic and cost of living which have disproportionately impacted communities in north east London
- **Population growth** – significantly greater compared with London and England as well as being concentrated in some of our most deprived and 'underserved' areas
- **Inadequate investment** available for the growth needed in both clinical and care capacity and capital development to meet the needs of our growing population

In January 2023, our integrated care partnership published our first strategy, setting the overall direction for our Joint Forward Plan

Partners in NEL have agreed a **collective ambition** underpinned by a set of **design principles** for improving health, wellbeing and equity.

To achieve our ambition, partners are clear that a radical new approach to how we work as a system is needed. Through broad engagement, including with our health and wellbeing boards, place based partnerships and provider collaboratives we have identified **six cross-cutting themes** which will be key to developing innovative and sustainable services with a greater focus upstream on population health and tackling inequalities.

We know that our people are key to delivering these new ways of working and the success of all aspects of this strategy. This is why supporting, developing and retaining our workforce, as well as increasing local employment opportunities, is one of our four system priorities identified for this strategy.

Stakeholders across the partnership have agreed to focus together on **four priorities as a system**. There are, of course, a range of other areas that we will continue to collaborate on, however, we will ensure there is a particular focus on our system priorities. We have been working with partners to consider how all parts of our system can support improvements in quality and outcomes and reduce health inequalities in these areas.

We recognise that a **well-functioning system** that is able to meet the challenges of today and of future years is built on **sound foundations**. Our strategy therefore also includes an outline of our plans for how we will transform our enabling infrastructure to support better outcomes and a more sustainable system. This includes some of the elements of our new financial strategy which will be fundamental to the delivery of greater value as well as a shift in focus 'upstream'.

Critically we are committed to a relentless focus on equity as a system, embedding it in all that we do.

Both the strategy and this Joint Forward Plan build upon the principles that we have agreed as London ICBs with the Mayor of London

Our integrated care partnership's ambition is to
 "Work with and for all the people of north east London to create meaningful improvements in health, wellbeing and equity."

Improve quality and outcomes

Deepen collaboration

Create value

Secure greater equity

- 6 Crosscutting Themes underpinning our new ICS approach**
- Tackling **Health Inequalities**
 - Greater focus on **Prevention**
 - Holistic and **Personalised** Care
 - **Co-production** with local people
 - Creating a **High Trust Environment** that supports integration and collaboration
 - Operating as a **Learning System** driven by research and innovation

- 4 System Priorities for improving quality and outcomes, and tackling health inequalities**
- Babies, Children & Young People
 - Long Term Conditions
 - Mental Health
 - Local employment and workforce

Securing the foundations of our system
 Improving our **physical** and **digital infrastructure**
 Maximising **value** through collective financial stewardship, investing in prevention and innovation, and improving sustainability
 Embedding **equity**

The delivery of our Integrated Care Strategy and Joint Forward Plan is the responsibility of a partnership of health and care organisations working collaboratively to serve the people of north east London

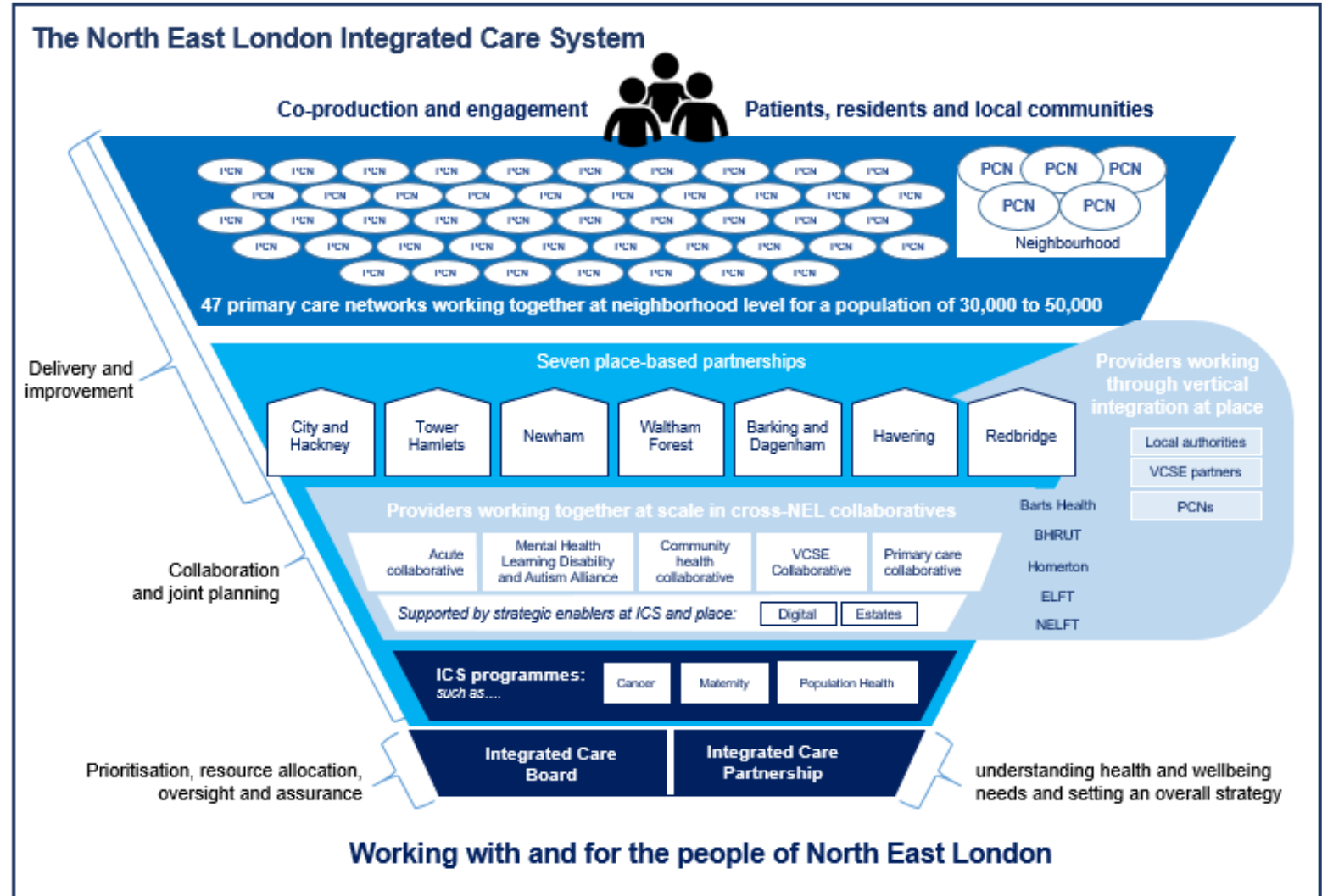
We are a broad partnership, brought together by a single purpose: **to improve health and wellbeing outcomes for the people of north east London.**

Each of our partners have positive impacts on the people of north east London – some providing care, others involved in planning services, and others impacting on wider determinants of health and care, such as housing and education. As we build upon and increase our collaboration and integrated ways of working the opportunity for greater impact will increase.

Our partnership between local people and communities, the NHS, local authorities and the voluntary and community sector, is uniquely positioned to improve all aspects of health and care including the wider determinants.

With hundreds of health and care organisations serving more than two million local people, we have to make sure that we are utilising each to the fullest and ensure that work is done, and decisions are made, at the most appropriate level.

Groups of partners coming together within partnerships are crucial building blocks for how we will deliver. Together they play critical roles in driving the improvement of health, wellbeing, and equality for all people living in north east London.



2. Our unique population

Understanding our unique population is key to addressing our challenges and capitalising on opportunities

NEL is a diverse, vibrant and thriving part of London with a rapidly growing population of over two million people, living across seven boroughs and the City of London. It is rich in history, culture and deep-rooted connections with huge community assets, resilience and strengths. Despite this, local people experience significant health inequalities. An understanding of our population is a key part of addressing this.



Rich diversity

NEL is made up of many different communities and cultures. Just over half (53%) of our population are from global majority backgrounds.

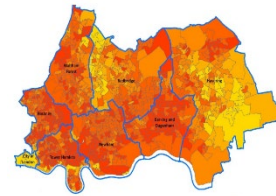
Our diversity means a 'one size fits all' approach will not work for local people and communities, but there is a huge opportunity to draw on a diverse range of community assets and strengths.



Young, densely populated and growing rapidly

There are currently just over two million residents in NEL and an additional 206,226 will be living here by 2041 (ONS).

We currently have a large working age population, with high rates of unemployment and self-employment. A third of our population has a long term condition. Growth projections suggest our population is changing, with large increases in older people over the coming decades.



Poverty, deprivation and the wider determinants of health

Nearly a quarter of NEL people live in one of the most deprived 20% of areas in England. Many children in NEL are growing up in low income households (up to a quarter in several of our places).

Poverty and deprivation are key determinants of health and the current cost of living pressures are increasing the urgency of the challenge.



Stark health inequalities

There are significant inequalities within and between our communities in NEL. Our population has worse health outcomes than the rest of the country across many key indicators. Health inequalities are linked to wider social and economic inequalities, including poverty and ethnicity.

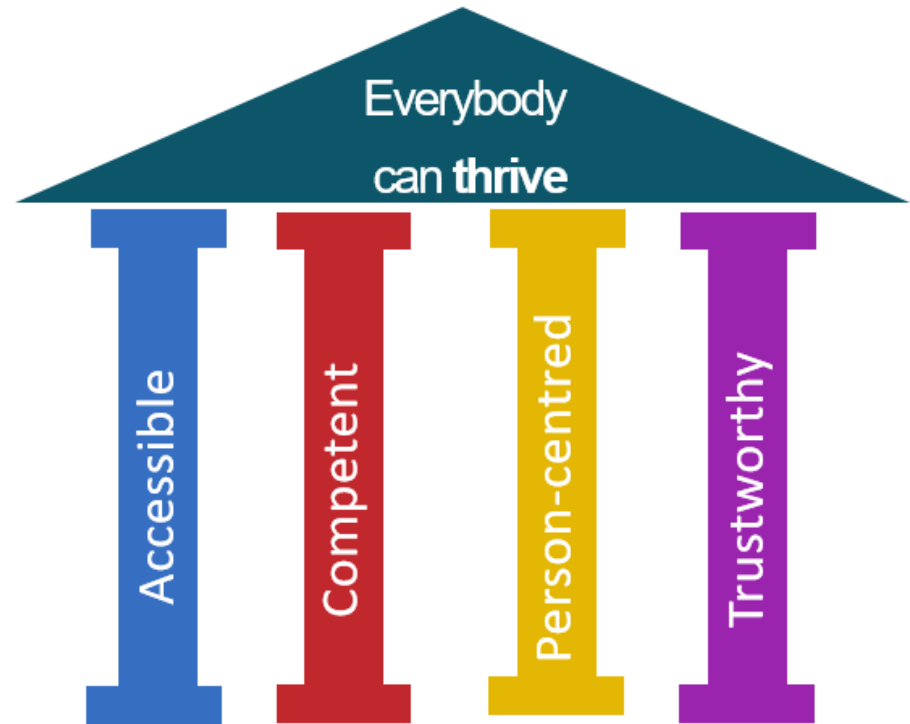
Our population has been disproportionately impacted by the pandemic and recent cost of living increase.

Engaging our residents across NEL about their health, care and wellbeing

We are committed to our '*Working with people and communities*' strategy, working with local people and those who use our services to identify priorities and the criteria against which we will monitor and evaluate our impact.

What does good care look like?

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Over summer 2023 we engaged with around 2000 people via the 'Big Conversation' campaign that included an online survey, face to face community events and targeted focus groups including with Turkish mothers in Hackney, South Asian men in Newham and Tower Hamlets, Black African and Caribbean men in Hackney, older people in the City of London, patients with Long Covid in Hackney, men in Barking and Dagenham, Deaf BSL users in Redbridge, young people in Barking and Dagenham and Pakistani women in Waltham Forest.

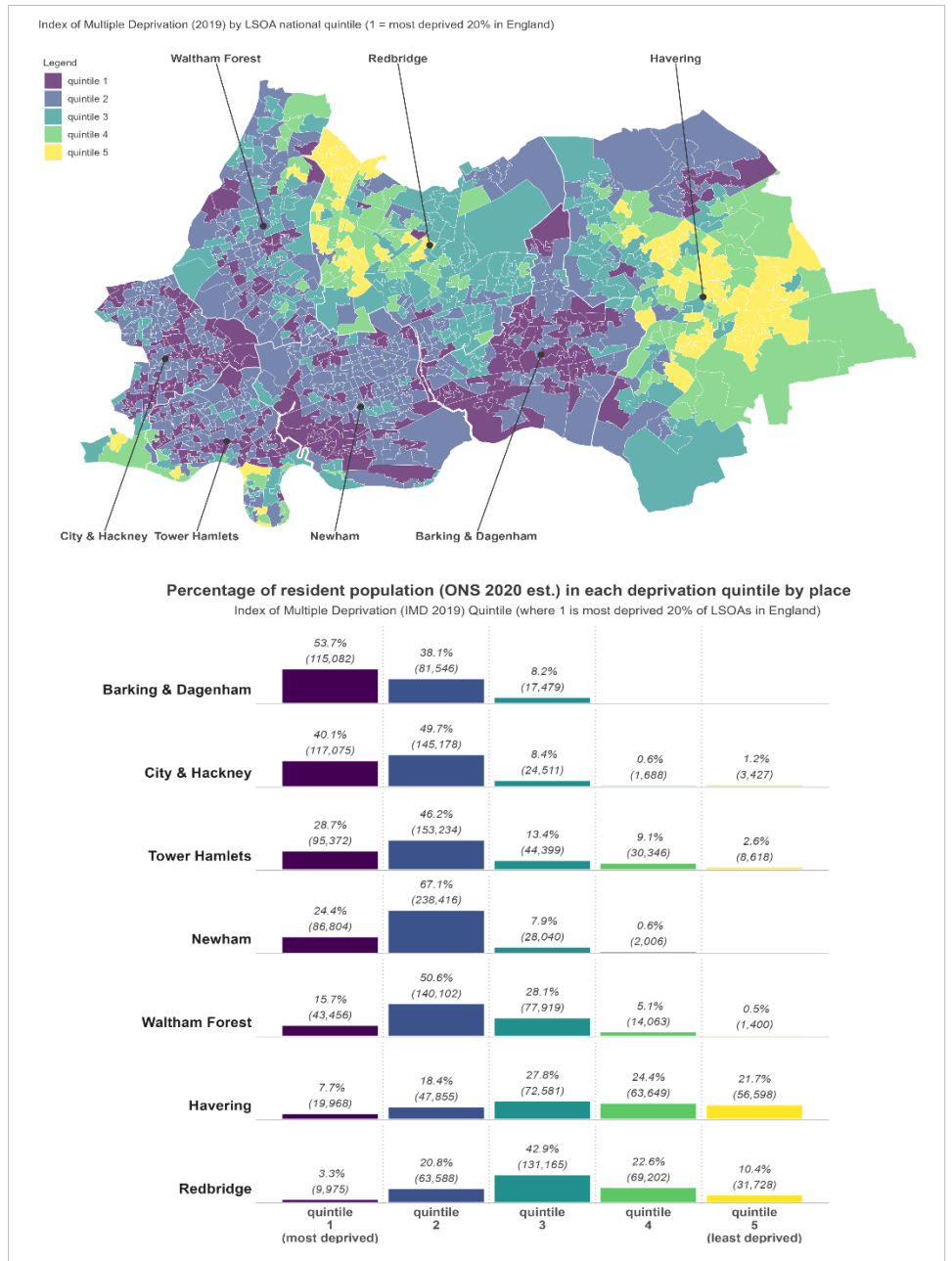
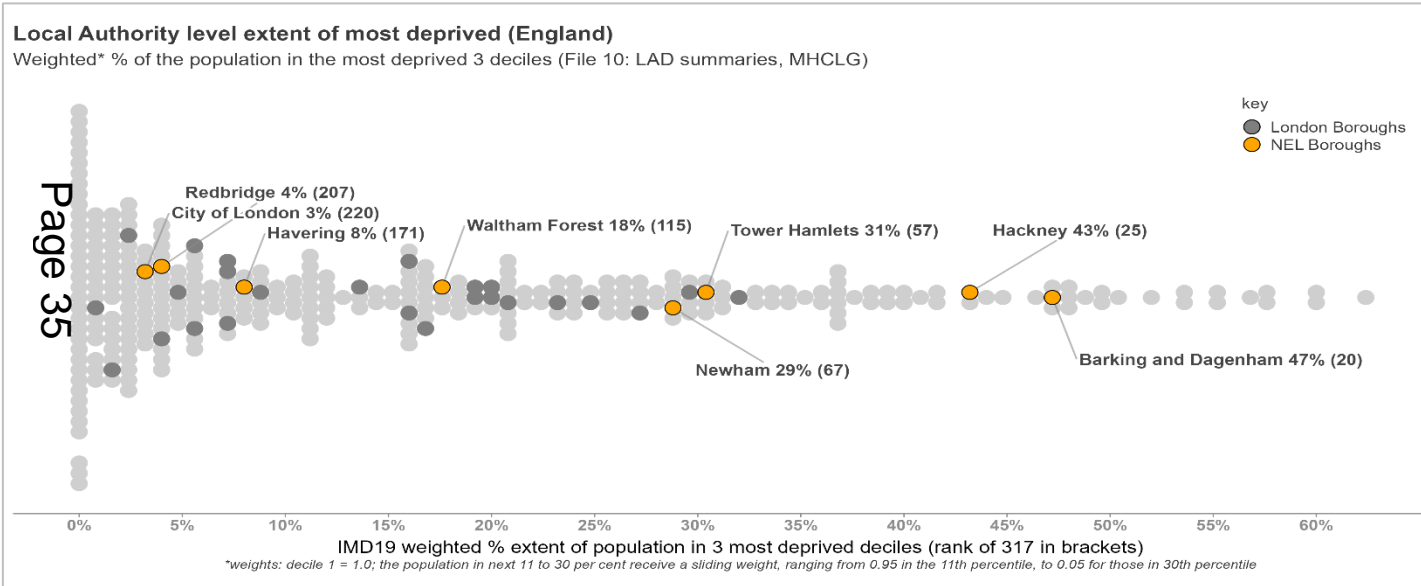
What we've heard people would like to see more of and what they believe makes a difference can be summarised as: **Good care.**

We will use these pillars to help us to understand whether we are making a difference to health and wellbeing outcomes.

Key factors affecting the health of our population and driving inequalities - poverty, deprivation and ethnicity

Large proportions of our population live in some of the most deprived areas nationally. NEL has four of the top six most deprived Borough populations in London, and some of the highest in the country, with Hackney and Barking and Dagenham in the top twenty-five of 377 local authorities (chart below).

By deprivation quintile, Barking and Dagenham (54%), City and Hackney (40%), Newham (25%) and Tower Hamlets (29%), have between a quarter and more than half of their population living in the most deprived 20% of areas in England (map and chart right).



People living in deprived neighbourhoods, and from certain ethnic backgrounds, are more likely to have a long term condition and to suffer more severe symptoms. For example, the poorest people in our communities have a 60% higher prevalence of long term conditions than the wealthiest along with 30% higher severity of disease. People of South Asian ethnic origin are at greater risk of developing Type 2 Diabetes and cardiovascular disease, and people with an African or Caribbean family background are at greater risk of sickle cell disease.

To meet the needs of our population we need a much greater focus on prevention, addressing unmet need and tackling health inequalities



Child Obesity

Nearly 10% of year 6 children in Barking and Dagenham are severely obese. Nearly a third of children are obese (the highest prevalence rate in London).

NEL also has a higher proportion of adults who are physically inactive compared to London and England.



Mental Health

It is estimated that nearly a quarter of adults in NEL suffer with depression or anxiety, yet QOF diagnosed prevalence is around 9%. Whilst the number of MH related attendances has decreased in 22/23, the number of A&E attendances with MH presentation waiting over 12 hours shows an increasing trend, increasing pressure on UEC services.



Tobacco

One in 20 pregnant women smokes at time of delivery. Smoking prevalence, as identified by the GP survey, is higher than the England average in most NEL places. In the same survey, NEL has the lowest 'quit smoking' levels in England.



Premature CVD mortality

In NEL there is a very clear association between premature mortality from CVD and levels of deprivation. The most deprived areas have more than twice the rate of premature deaths compared to the least deprived areas. 2021/22 figures showed for every 1 unit increase in deprivation, the premature mortality rate increases by approximately 11 deaths per 100,000 population.



Vulnerable housing

NEL has higher numbers of vulnerably housed and homeless people, including refugee and asylum seekers, compared to both London and England. At the end of September 2022, 11,741 households in NEL were in council arranged temporary accommodation. This is a rate of 23 households per thousand compared to 16 per thousand in London and 4 per thousand in England as a whole.



Homelessness

Shelter estimates in 2022 there were 42,399 homeless individuals in NEL inc. those in temp accommodation, hostels, rough sleeping and in social services accommodation. That's 1 in 47 people, compared to 1 in 208 people across England and 1 in 58 in London. People experiencing homelessness have worse health outcomes & face extremely elevated disease and mortality risks which are eight to twelve times higher than the general population.



Childhood Poverty

Five NEL boroughs have the highest proportion of children living in low income families in London. In 2020/21, 98,332 of NEL young people were living in low-income families, equating to 32% of London's young people living in low-income families. Since 2014 the proportion of children living in low income families is increasing faster in NEL than the England average.



Childhood Vaccinations

The NEL average rate of uptake for ALL infant and early years vaccinations is lower than both the London and the England rates. There are particular challenges in some communities/parts within Hackney, Redbridge, Newham and B&D, where rates are very low with some small areas where coverage is less than 20% of the eligible population.

There is clear indication of unmet need across our communities in NEL

- For many conditions there are low recorded prevalence rates, while at the same time most NEL places have a higher Standardised Mortality Ratio for those under 75 (SMR<75) – a measure of premature deaths in a population – compared to the England average. Whilst some of this may be due to the age profile of our population, there may be significant unmet health and care need in our communities that is not being identified, or effectively met, by our current service offers.
- Analysis of DNAs (people not attending a booked health appointment) in NEL has shown these are more common among particular groups. For example, at Whipps Cross Hospital, DNAs are highest among people living in deprived areas and among young black men. Further work is now happening to understand how we can better support these groups and understand the barriers to people attending appointments across the system.

Population growth in NEL is set to continue which will increase the demand for local health and care services

North east London had the fastest growing population in the country over the last 20 years (2001 – 2021), this rapid population growth for NEL is forecast to continue driven by population demographics and London’s housing plans.

The ONS forecast on which NHS allocations are based indicates continued high growth in NEL, however, the Greater London Authority (GLA) population projections which also take account of local housing plans point to growth being significantly higher than the ONS forecast. This is true even of the GLA’s most conservative planning scenario. The implications of this are a significant lag in funding for NEL to match the rate of growth.

The ONS forecasts a growth in NEL population of **206,226** between 2021 and 2041.

The GLA has produced planning scenarios indicating significantly increased growth in NEL:

Past Delivery Scenario:

Housing growth at historic delivery rates
Projecting a population increase of **308,576** by 2041

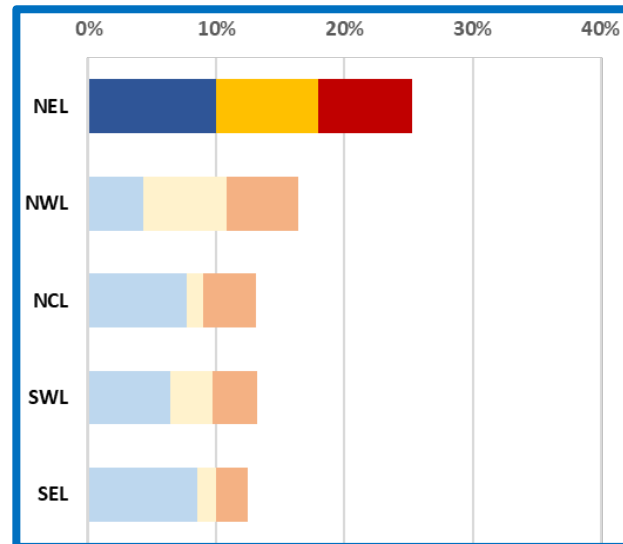
Identified Capacity Scenario:

Housing growth in line with identified development sites
Projecting a population increase of **331,432** by 2041

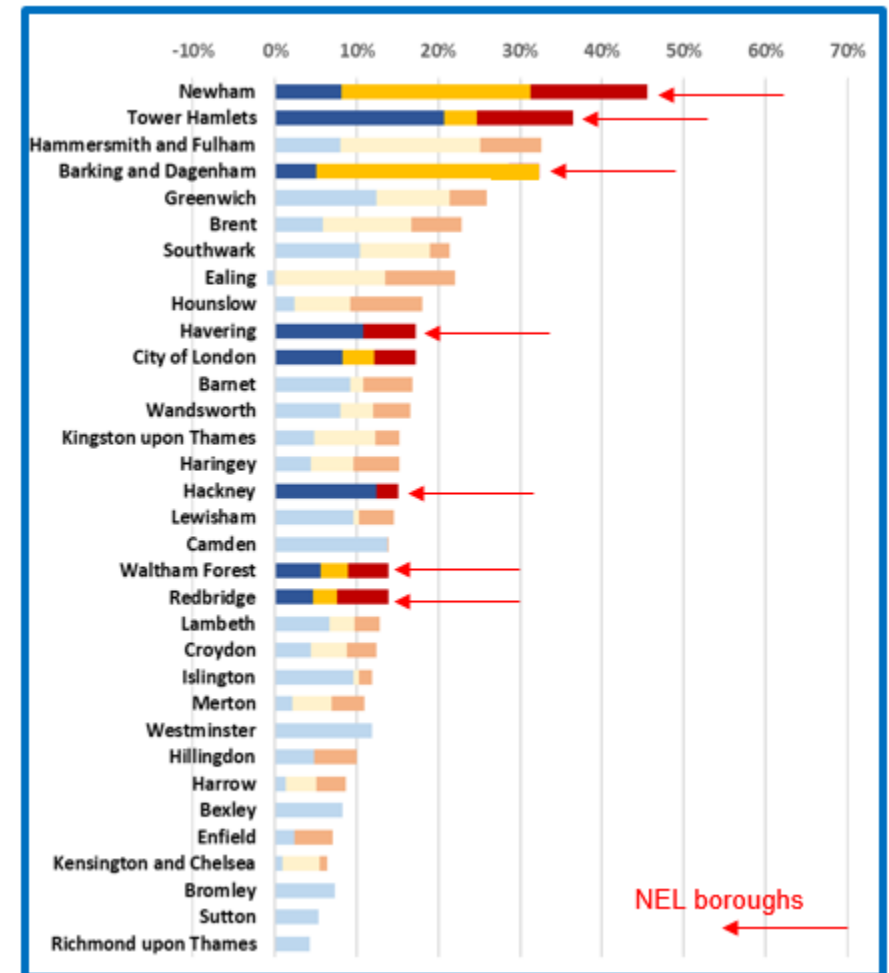
Housing Targets Scenario:

Housing growth in line with government housing targets
Projecting a population increase of **379,757** by 2041

GLA housing-led population projections by ICS 2021-2041



GLA housing-led population projections by LA 2021-2041

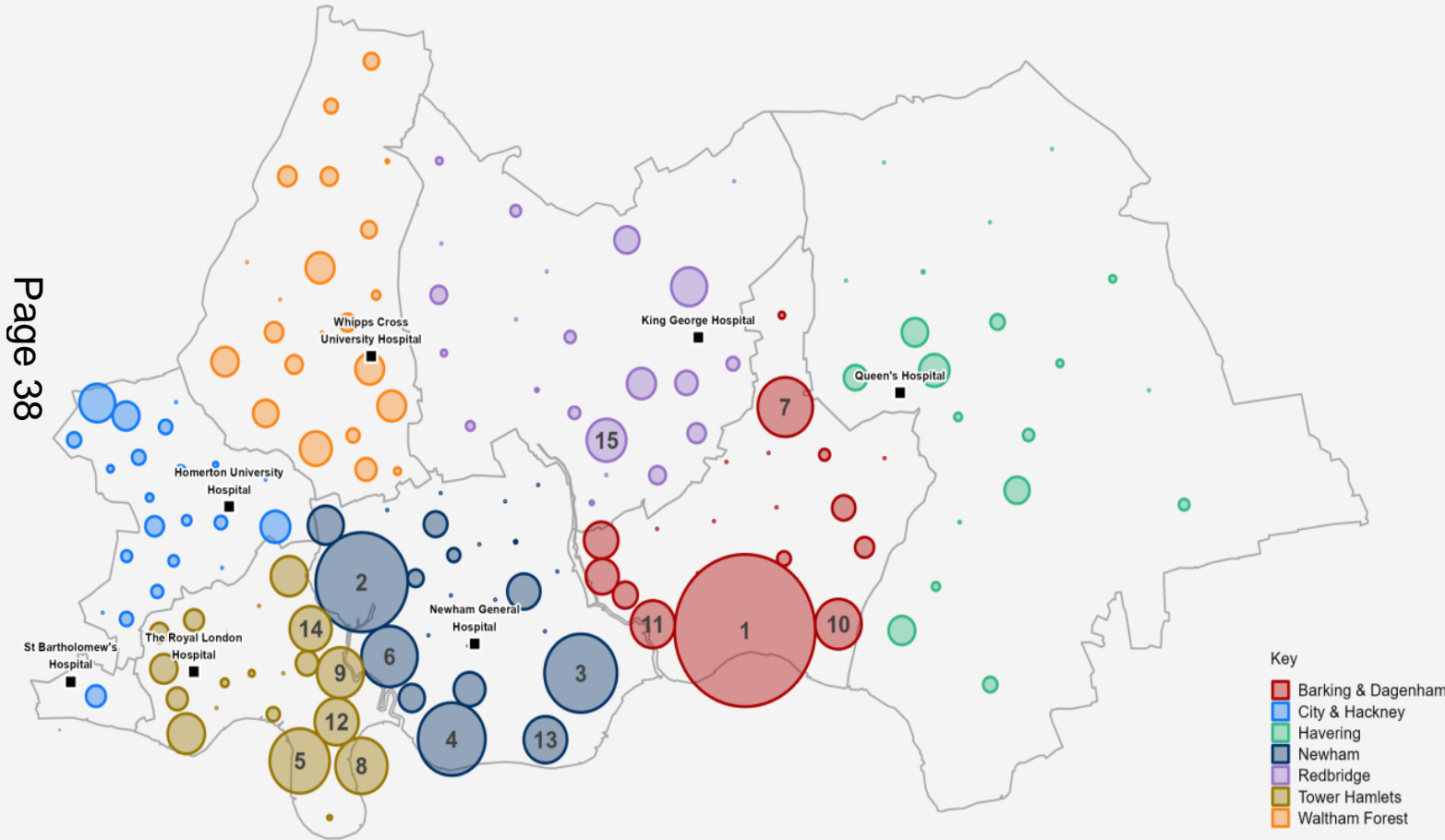


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Forecasted growth will be unevenly distributed across NEL particularly across our most deprived and currently underserved places

NEL Wards all age population increase 2023-2041

Smallest circles = wards with zero increase or marginal decrease, labelled circles = top 15 wards by population increase (1=highest)



GLA Identified Capacity Scenario, published January 2023, 2021 based

Our **rapidly growing** population experiences some of the worst **poverty and deprivation** in the country, with **poorer outcomes** across many indicators and evidence of **significant unmet need**.

Furthermore, our **hotspots of population growth** in NEL are focused in some of the most deprived parts of our geography including LB Barking & Dagenham where over half of the current population (54%) live in the most deprived quintile nationally and LB Newham where a quarter of the population live in the most deprived areas nationally (24%).

The place with highest projected growth in north east London (LB Barking & Dagenham) currently **lacks the essential infrastructure for health and care**. There is insufficient primary care capacity for existing growth in Barking and Dagenham and no acute provision whatsoever within the borough. This will mean service provision will likely need to adapt to new demands as uneven dispersed growth occurs.

Trends in growth across NEL have typically been in young people and adults – whereas future growth will be across adults and older people contributing to a forecast 72% increase in outpatient and inpatient activity over the next 19 years

3. Our assets

We have significant assets to draw on

North east London (NEL) has a growing population of over two million people and is a vibrant, diverse and distinctive area of London, steeped in history and culture. The 2012 Olympics were a catalyst for regeneration across Stratford and the surrounding area, bringing a new lease of life and enhancing the reputation of this exciting part of London. This has brought with it an increase in new housing developments and improved transport infrastructure and amenities. Additionally, the area is benefiting from investment in health and care facilities with a world class life sciences centre in development at Whitechapel. There are also plans for the Whipps Cross Hospital redevelopment and for a new health and wellbeing hub on the site of St George's Hospital in Havering, making it an exciting time to live and work in north east London.

Our assets

- **The people of north east London** – bring vibrancy and diversity, form the bedrock of our partnership, participating in our decisions and co-producing our work. They are also our workforce, provide billions of hours of care and support to each other and know best how to deliver services in ways which work for them.
- **Research and innovation** – continuously improving, learning from international best practice and undertaking from our own research and pilots, and our work with higher education and academia partners, to evidence what works for our diverse communities/groups. We want to build on this work, strengthen what we have learnt, to provide world-class services that will enhance our communities for the future.
- **Leadership** – our system benefits from a diverse and talented group of clinical and professional leaders who ensure we learn from, and implement, the best examples of how to do things, and innovate, using data and evidence in order to continually improve. Strong clinical leadership is essential to lead communities, to support us in considering the difficult decisions we need to make about how we use our limited resources, and help set priorities that everyone in NEL is aligned to. Overall our ICS will benefit from integrated leadership, spanning senior leaders to front line staff, who know how to make things happen, the CVS who bring invaluable perspectives from ground level, and local people who know best how to do things in a way which will have real impact on people.
- **Financial resources** – we spend nearly £4bn on health services in NEL. Across our public sector partners in north east London, including local authorities, schools and the police, there is around £3bn more. By thinking about how we use these resources together, in ways which most effectively support the objectives we want to achieve at all levels of the system, we can ensure they are spent more effectively, and in particular, in ways which improve outcomes and reduce inequality in a sustainable way.
- **Primary care** - is the bedrock of our health system and we will support primary care leaders to ensure we have a multi-disciplinary workforce, which is responsive and proactive to local population needs and focused on increasing quality, as well as supported by our partners to improve outcomes for local people.

Our health and care workforce is our greatest asset

Our health and care workforce is the linchpin of our system and central to every aspect of our new Integrated Care Strategy and Joint Forward Plan. We want staff to work more closely across organisations, collaborating and learning from each other, so that all of our practice can meet the standards of the best. By working in multi-disciplinary teams, the needs of local people, not the way organisations work, will be key. Where necessary, our workforce will step outside organisational boundaries to deliver services closer to communities.

Our staff will be able to serve the population of NEL most effectively if they are treated fairly, and are representative of our local communities at all levels in our organisations. Many of our staff come from our places already and we want to increase this further.

Our workforce is critical to transforming and delivering the new models of care we will need to meet rising demand from a population that is growing rapidly, with ever more complex health and care needs. We must ensure that our workforce has access to the right support to develop the skills needed to deliver the health and care services of the future, and to adapt to new ways of working, and, potentially, new roles. AI and digitalisation will play a major role in determining our workforce needs over the next ten years.

Our ICS People and Culture Strategy will ensure there is a system wide plan to underpin the delivery of our new Integrated Care Strategy and Joint Forward Plan, through adopting a joined up 'One Workforce for NEL Health and Social Care' across the system that will work in new ways, across organisational boundaries and be seamlessly deployed for the delivery of health and care priorities. The strategy will focus on increasing support for our current and potential workforce through the implementation of inclusive retention and health and well-being strategies, and creating innovative, flexible and redesigned health and care careers.

It will ensure right enablers at System, Place, Neighbourhood and in our provider collaboratives, to strengthen the behaviours and values that support greater integration, and collaboration across teams, organisations and sectors. It will contribute to the social and economic development of our local population through upskilling and employing under-represented groups from our local people, through creating innovative new roles, values-based recruitment and locally-tailored, inclusive supply and attraction strategies in collaboration with education providers.



There are almost one hundred thousand people working in health and care in NEL, and our employed workforce is growing every year.

Our workforce includes:

- Over 5,600 people working in general practice (Aug 23)
- 47,638 people working in our Trusts (Aug 23)
- 46,000 people working in adult social care including the independent sector (22/23)
- These are supported by a voluntary sector workforce roughly estimated at over 30,000

There are opportunities to realise from closer working between health, social care and the voluntary and community sector

Voluntary, Community, and Social Enterprise (VCSE) organisations are essential to the planning of care and to supporting a greater shift towards prevention and self-care. They work closely with local communities and are key system transformation, innovation and integration partners.

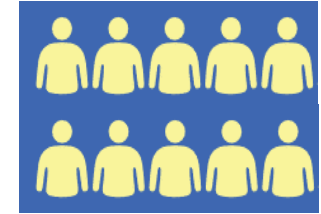
In NEL we are supporting the development of a VCSE Collaborative to create the enabling infrastructure and support sustainability of our rich and diverse VCSE in NEL, also ensuring that the contribution of the VCSE is valued equally.

Social care plays a crucial role in improving the overall health and well-being of local people including those who are service users and patients in north east London. Social care promotes people's wellbeing and supports them to live independently, staying well and safe, and it includes the provision of support and assistance to individuals who have difficulty carrying out their day-to-day activities due to physical, mental, or social limitations. It can therefore help to prevent hospital admissions and reduce the length of hospital stays. This is particularly important for elderly patients and those with chronic conditions, who may require long-term social care support to maintain their independence and quality of life.

In north east London 75% of elective patients discharged to a care home have a length of stay that is over 20 days (this compares to 33% for the median London ICS).

The **work of local authorities more broadly, including their public health teams**, as well as education, housing and economic development, work to address the wider determinants of health such as poverty, social isolation and poor housing conditions. As described above, these are significant challenges in north east London, critical to addressing health and wellbeing outcomes and inequalities.

In our strategy engagement we heard of the desire to accelerate integration across all parts of our system to support better access, experience and outcomes for local people. We heard about the opportunities to support greater multidisciplinary working and training, the practical arrangements that need to be in place to support greater integration, including access to shared data, and the importance of creating a high trust and value-based environment which encourages and supports collaboration and integration.



There are **more than 1,300 charities operating across north east London**, many either directly involved in health and care or in areas we know have a significant impact on the health and wellbeing of our local people, such as reducing social isolation and loneliness, which is particularly important for people who are vulnerable and/or elderly.

Thousands of informal carers play a pivotal role in our communities across NEL, supporting family and friends in their care, including enabling them to live independently.

4. Our challenges and opportunities

The key challenges facing our health and care services

Partners in NEL are clear that we need a **radical new approach to how we work as an integrated care system** to tackle the challenges we face today as well as securing our sustainability for the future. Our Integrated Care Strategy highlights that a shift in focus upstream will be critical for improving the health of our population and tackling inequalities. The health of our population is at risk of worsening over time without more effective **prevention** and **closer working with partners** who directly or indirectly have a significant impact on healthcare and the health and wellbeing of local people, such as local authority partners and VCSE organisations.

Two of the most pressing and visible challenges our system faces today, which we must continue to focus on, are the long waits for accessing **same day urgent care**; and a large backlog of patients waiting for **planned care**. Provision of urgent care in NEL is more resource intensive and expensive than it needs to be and the backlog for planned care, which grew substantially during Covid, is not yet coming down, as productivity levels are only just returning to pre-pandemic levels. Both areas reflect pressures in other parts of the system, and have knock-on impacts.

The wider determinants of health are also key challenges that contribute to challenges. Most of our places we have seen unemployment rise during the pandemic, although this number is dropping, and we still have populations who remain unemployed or inactive.

We currently have a **blend of health and care provision for our population that is unaffordable**, with a significant underlying deficit across health and care providers (in excess of £100m going into 23/24). If we simply do more of the same, as our population grows, our financial position will worsen further and we will not be able to invest in the prevention we need to support sustainability of our system.

To address these challenges and enable a greater focus upstream, it is necessary to focus on **improving primary and community care services**, as these are the first points of contact for patients and can help to prevent hospital admissions and reduce the burden on acute care services. This means investing in resources and infrastructure to support primary care providers, including better technology, training and development for healthcare professionals, and better integration of primary care with community services. In addition, there is a need for better management and **support for those with long-term conditions** (almost a third of our population in NEL). People with LTCs are often high users of healthcare services and may require complex and ongoing care. This can include initiatives such as care coordination, case management, and self-management support, which can help to improve the quality of care, prevent acute exacerbation of a condition and reduce costs.

Achieving this will require our workforce to grow. This is a key challenge, with high numbers of vacancies across NEL, staff turnover of around 23% and staff reporting burnout, particularly since the COVID-19 pandemic.

The following slides describe these core challenges and potential opportunities in more detail. Where possible we have taken a population health approach, considering how our population uses the many different parts of our health and care system and why. More work is required to build this fuller picture (including through a linked dataset) and this forms part of our development work as a system.

Urgent and emergency Care including Transformation - is a system priority following the publication of the National UEC Recovery Plan

Key challenges

Detail

Nationally demand for urgent and emergency care continues to grow post Covid-19. Across NEL we have planned for a 2% growth in UEC demand

- Patients are presenting with more complex conditions.
- Since the pandemic the increase in complexity and acuity is having knock-on impacts across the urgent and emergency care pathway, this includes ambulance call-outs, ambulance handovers, A&E 4 hour performance and length of stays

Longer term trends point to an increasing need for health and care

- Outside of the immediate challenges presented post pandemic we are facing a growth in demand due to:
 - 1) population growth,
 - 2) an ageing population, and;
 - 3) greater numbers of people living with long term conditions.

Occupancy levels for our general and acute hospitals continues to be a challenge – especially during the winter

- High bed occupancy is a key driver for increased pressure across urgent and emergency care services. In NEL our bed occupancy has seen an increasing trend in the last 8 weeks. When our hospitals are full it is harder to find free beds for patients that need to be admitted.
- Higher occupancy coupled with longer lengths of stay also results in challenges in discharging patients back into their own homes or their communities. Across NEL an average of 10.79% of our G&A hospital beds are occupied by patients that are medically fit for discharge

Increasing demand and length of stay on emergency mental health services

- Long waits for people with mental health needs in A&E are increasing. 36.8% of A&E mental health attendances were waiting over 12 hours. This is an uptrend in the last QR across NEL

We have a large backlog of people waiting for planned care

Key messages

Detail

Demand for elective care is growing, adding to a large existing backlog

- Demand for planned care is expected to grow by 19.7% between 2022/23 and 2027/28, or by around 4% per year.
- There are currently around 174,000 people waiting for elective care As of December 2022, 18 people had been waiting longer than 104 weeks, 843 longer than 78 weeks and 8,646 longer than 52 weeks.

Activity levels vary week on week for many reasons and we haven't yet seen consistent week on week improvements in the total waiting list size

- The 'breakeven' point for NEL's waiting list (neither increasing nor decreasing) requires an activity level of 4,281 per week*. This breakeven point is expected to increase by around 4% per year due to projected increases in demand.
- Activity levels vary throughout the year. For instance, in Sept-Dec 2022 trusts in NEL were reducing the overall number of waiters by 391 per week, whereas since then the overall number waiting has increased.

There are financial implications from over/under performance on elective care

- We have an opportunity to earn more income (from NHSE) by outperforming activity targets, thereby bringing more money into north east London. If the additional cost of performing that extra activity is below NHSPS unit prices then this also supports our overall financial position.

Tackling the elective backlog is a long-term goal and will require continuous improvements to be made

- A reasonably crude analysis of our elective activity suggests that delivering elective care at the rate of our peak system performance for last year (Sept-Dec 2022) would lead to no one waiting over 18 weeks by September 2027. This timescale would require an uplift in care delivery each year equivalent to expected demand increases (4% per year).

There may be opportunities for improvements in elective care, particularly around LOS

- An analysis of NEL against other London ICSs indicates that moving to the median LOS for elective admissions would reduce bed days by 13% and moving to the England median would reduce bed days by 31% (comparison excludes day cases).

We need to expand and improve primary care, including improving the way care is coordinated

- North-east London currently has fewer GP appointments per 100,000 weighted population than other ICSs in England. The national median is around 8% greater than in NEL, suggesting part of the cause of pressure on other parts of the system, including greater than expected non-elective admissions at the acute providers, may be due to insufficient primary care capacity.
 - Over the year to September 2023, booked general practice appointments across NEL increased by about a third to over 11 million appointments (two thirds face to face and 77% within a week). NEL is on track to meet the operating plan trajectory of 1 million appointments by March 2024, this is a 3% increase of appointments on the previous year, taking population growth into account
 - 47% of appointments were delivered by other professionals such as nurses and 44% of all appointments were seen on the same day as they were booked*. This figure includes both planned and reactive care. 57% of appointments were patient-initiated contacts, booked and seen on the same day.***
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- There is wide variation in the number of delivered appointments or average clinical care encounters per week in NEL. For 2022/23 this ranges from 93.56 per 1000 (weighted registered) patients in Tower Hamlets, to 68.01 per 1000 (weighted registered) patients in Havering. The NEL average is 77.78 per 1000 (weighted registered) patients.**
- We are developing processes and technology to streamline patient access to the most appropriate type of appointment and advice, with clear signposting, for health care professionals and local people to ensure they are directed to the full range of services available at Practice and Place, in and out of general practice hours.
 - Without substantial increases in primary care staffing the GP to patient ratio will worsen as demand for primary care increases in line with projected population growth. There are pockets of workforce shortages with significant variation in approaches to training, education and recruitment. We are focusing upon initiatives to keep our staff such as mentoring and portfolio careers having developed SPIN (specialised Portfolio innovation) which is the basis for the national fellowship programme which we are offering to GPs and other professional groups.
 - There are opportunities to build on our best practice to further develop integrated neighbourhood teams, based on MDTs, social prescribing and use of community pharmacy consultation services, which will strengthen both our continuity of care of long term conditions and our ability to work preventatively.

Primary Care Networks (PCNs)

- Primary networks bring together GPs and other primary care professionals in small local areas to work together. They will work with new Integrated Neighbourhood Teams (INTs) to deliver joined up care based on individual and local needs.
- PCNs will be used to improve access, focus on preventative interventions, support personalised care, health education and harness wider community services through collaboration and navigation
- PCNs will involve practices and federations, social care, community health services, mental health services, pharmacy, care homes links to hospitals and voluntary/community organisations.

Develop and build upon our community care resources

- Community care in north east London is currently fragmented, with four core provider trusts and over 65 other providers offering an array of community services. More work is required to understand the impact this has on patient outcomes and variability across NEL's places, but we know that for pulmonary rehab, for example, there is variation in service inclusion criteria and the staffing models used, and that waiting times vary between 35 and 172 days, with completion rates between 36% and 72% across our places and services.
- There are significant opportunities and synergies to improve community pathways given the co dependencies with neighborhood teams, long term conditions, planned care , primary care and UEC. Community services are key to optimizing admission avoidance and discharge but a resource shift is required to enhance preventative and community pathways

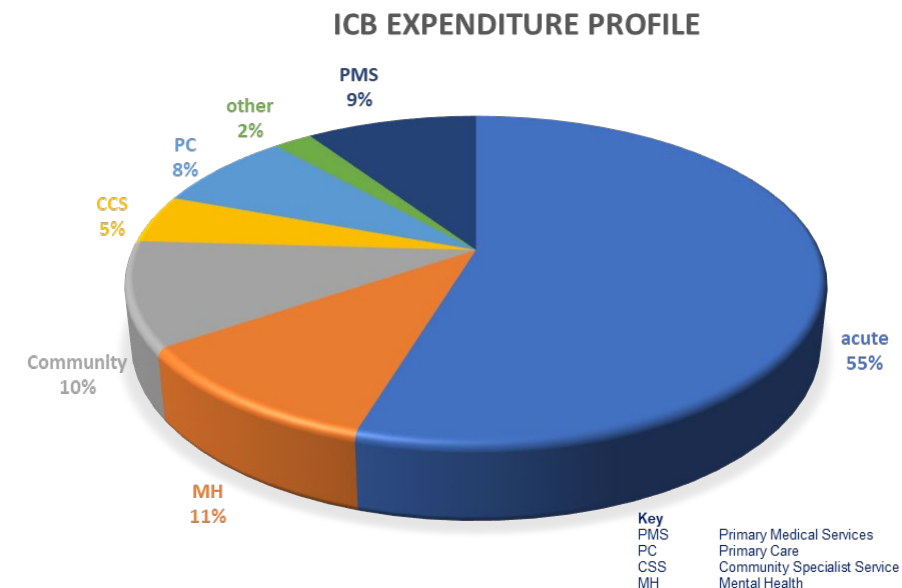
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More children and young people are on community waiting lists in NEL than any other ICS (NEL is about average, across England, for the number of people on adult community waiting lists). Particular challenges are SALT, community pediatrics and neurodiversity pathways

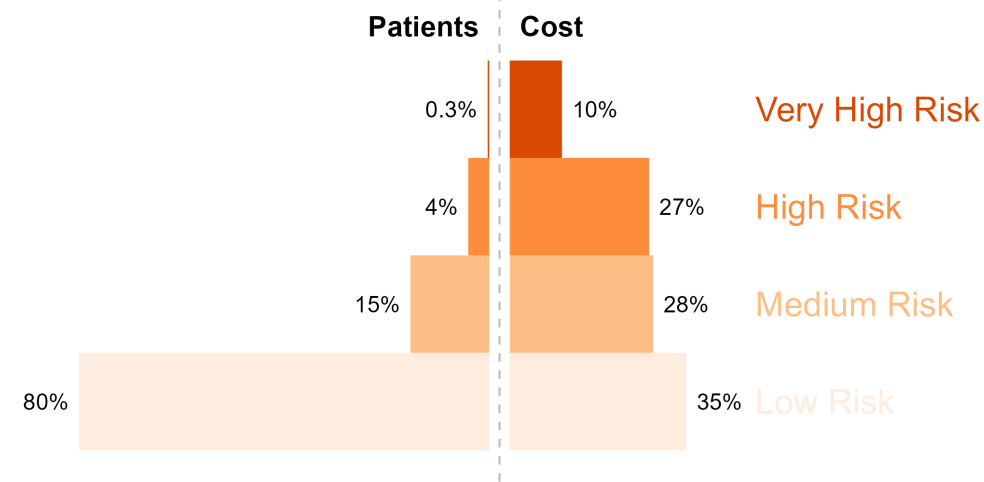
- Our adult waiting lists are very pressured , particularly regarding MSK pathways, SALT, podiatry and dietetics
- Identifying and understanding the areas of greatest population and community need will provide a basis for community health care leads to support a joint planning approach. Allowing for agreement on priority areas under the context of service pressures. Approaching community health care in a targeted way and focusing on those areas of greatest need will also support reducing variance in services across the NEL system
- There is a need for a clear and current overview of community health services across the system and places. Linked to also being able to monitor the outcomes for residents of those services and the resources utilized, this will ensure that the NEL system is able to make the most efficient use of those community health services for the population.
- Improvement networks give us an opportunity to bring together best practice, jointly work on solutions that are led by clinicians and subject matter experts, in partnership with our users and carers. This approach will ensure equitable and consistent pathways, that are delivered locally and tailored to meet local population needs.

We need to move away from the current blend of care provision which is unaffordable

- The system has a significant underlying financial deficit, held within the Trusts and the ICB. Going into 2023/24 this is estimated to be in excess of £100m. This is due to a number of issues, including unfunded cost pressures.
- The system has therefore developed a financial recovery plan, which if delivered would result in a £31m deficit in 23/24.
- Current plans to improve the financial position, such as productivity/cost improvement programmes within the Trusts, are expected to close some of this financial gap and we know there are opportunities for reducing unnecessary costs, such as agency spend. The system is also looking at a range of further measures designed to improve the underlying run rate.
- In addition to a financial gap for the system overall, there are discrepancies between how much is spent (taking into account a needs-weighted population) across our places, in particular with regard to the proportion spent on out of hospital care.
- The system receives a very limited capital budget in 23/24 of £95m, significantly less than other London ICSs (which receive between £130m-£233m) and comparable to systems with populations half the size of NEL*. This puts significant pressure on the system and its ability to transform services, as well as maintain quality estate. In 24/25 the estimated budget is £86m.
- There is huge variation in the public health grant received by each of NEL's local authorities from central government. The variation is at odds with the government's intended formula (which is based on SMR<75) and is the result of grants largely being based on historical public health spend. This impacts on our ability to invest upstream in preventative services.
- As a system the majority of our spend is on more acute care and we know that this is driven by particular populations (0.3% of the population account for 10% of costs associated with emergency admissions; just under 20% account for 65%).



Risk stratified cost of emergency admissions



Percentage of emergency admission cost and patients attributable to risk bands for expected risk of admission for patients registered with a NEL GP in February 2023. Combined Predictive Model run on NEL SUS data estimates risk of admission. Cost of all emergency admissions to patients in each risk band in FY22/23 to January 2023 extracted from SUS. Patients with no risk score have been excluded from the analysis but follow a similar pattern to the low risk group. Data from NEL data warehouse.

We are making progress – Our successes

Examples of transformation we have driven within existing resources

Cardiovascular Disease:

NEL ICS is the top ranking 1st in England in key Cardiovascular disease outcomes including management of hypertension, atrial fibrillation, chronic kidney disease, heart disease and stroke, and people at high CVD risk.

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Long Term Conditions:

The Non-Invasive Ventilation (NIV) Service, which went live in April 22, has been put in place for the management of chronic hypercapnic respiratory failure (CHRF). Previously the service was only available through Tertiary institutions however will now be delivered locally by BHRUT to patients at home.

Children's LTCs:

City and Hackney practices have led the development of Long term conditions (LTC) integrated management with 80% of eligible children receiving an annual review with personalised care plan, 65% of children with diabetes, sickle cell and epilepsy receiving an annual care contact from their practice.

Elective Services:

We have an established planned care recovery and transformation programme. An integrated system programme initially set up in October 2021 to recover the elective backlog and improve equity of access for our population, led by the Acute Provider Collaborative.

ELFT Community Health Services:

Pharmacy input into district nursing teams (HSJ Award category finalist) improved outcomes for both medicines management and medicines optimisation. Delivered via system innovation and new ways of working

First Contact Physiotherapy:

An integrated PCN wide physiotherapy clinic that required the set-up of a cross organisational booking system. Resulting in beneficial patient experience.

Young Peoples Outpatient Services:

Tower Hamlets has established a young people's GP clinic called 'Health Spot' aligned with youth provision rights in order to provide a trusted approachable environment where young people are able to see a doctor, specialist nurse or mental health worker. Supporting them with integrated holistic healthcare, health literacy and empowerment.

Transforming Outpatient Services:

Our GPs can now receive advice directly from a number of specialist consultants, reducing hospital attendance and giving speedy care. In 2022/23 we achieved against the 16% national ask for advice and guidance requests across 2022/23, and for approximately 29% of all outpatient appointments in January.

5. How we are transforming the way we work

Across the system we are transforming how we work, enhancing productivity and shifting to a greater focus on prevention and earlier intervention

- The previous section set out the challenges that the north east London health and care system needs to address to succeed in its mission to create meaningful improvements in health and wellbeing for all local people
- North east London's portfolio of transformation programmes has evolved organically over many years: rooted in the legacy CCGs and sub-systems, then across the system through the North East London Commissioning Alliance and the single CCG, and now supplemented by programmes being led by our place partnerships, provider collaboratives, and NHS NEL.
- It has never previously been shaped or managed as a single portfolio, aligned to a single system integrated care strategy.

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As part of moving to this position, this section of the plan baselines the system portfolio with programmes set out according to common descriptors – providing a single view never previously available across the system, with the scale of the investment of money and staff time in transformation clearer than ever before.

This section sets out how partners across north east London are responding to the challenges described in the previous section. It describes how they are contributing to our system priorities by considering five categories of improvement

1. Our core objectives of high-quality care and a sustainable system

2. Our NEL strategic priorities

3. Our supporting infrastructure

4. Place based Partnerships priorities x7

5. Our cross-cutting programmes

Urgent and emergency care

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

The aim of our portfolio is to improve access to urgent and emergency care for local people that meets their needs and is aligned with the UEC national plan. The portfolio is structured around five strategic system goals: **Prevention** of conditions, **Management** of existing conditions and needs, **Timely intervention** for escalation of needs or new needs and conditions, **Timely and effective return** to community setting following escalation, underpinned by **data, governance, effective pathways and enablers**.

The national and local drivers focus on **increasing capacity, growing the workforce, speeding up discharge** from hospitals, **expanding new services in the community** and helping people access the **right care first time**.

Key stakeholders:

Place, PCNs, practices, pharmacy, Acute, Community and mental health collaboratives and Urgent and emergency care services. Healthwatch and patient groups.

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

The work within the portfolio is mapped against our strategy goals and four outcomes. **1) strengthening provision and access to alternative pathways, 2) optimising flow through hospitals, 3) using population health management to keep people well in the community and 4) setting up governance and pathways to form system wide sustainable plans.**

There are a range of projects to deliver on these outcomes that have been divided into directly managed by UEC portfolio and those sitting in other portfolios.

UEC directly managed – 111 procurement and development, hospital flow, ambulance flow, system co-ordination centre, urgent treatment centres, virtual wards and winter planning.

Other delivery areas such as same day access, urgent community response, mental health pathways and planned care sit in other portfolios but will be monitored and reported to the UEC Board.

Additionally establishing the NEL UEC PMO and governance will provide infrastructure to deliver a measurable impact.

Details of engagement with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

One to ones throughout the summer to understand local strategies and plans to build up the NEL UEC portfolio. Work underway to propose new ways of working and governance structures. Collaboration will be at the heart of the portfolio.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

April 2025:

- System co-ordination centre set up in line with specification
- Reduction in delayed discharges and improvements to A&E performance
- Elimination of ambulance handover waits over 45 minutes
- 111 provider working to a new specification following procurement process
- Expansion and coordination of virtual wards beds

April 2026:

-

April 2027:

-

Engagement with the public:

Engagement activities have taken place at Place and Trust level which has informed plans and communications – to date there have been NEL UEC patient engagement activities

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

- Develop a consistent community services offer across NEL
- Improving population health and outcomes, working closely with residents
- Supporting neighbourhoods and PLACEs to enable people to stay well and independent, for as long as possible, wherever they call home
- Creating wider system value by unlocking system productivity gains
- Using evidence to understand the totality of services, outcomes and resources across NEL, identifying opportunities for improved outcomes
- Create and facilitate collaborative partnerships with local authorities, primary care, health providers, and the independent voluntary and charitable sector
- Supporting wider system pressures by maximising CHS opportunities (i.e LAS call outs, UEC attendances, unplanned care, LA residential care pressures)

Key stakeholders:

- 7 PLACEs
- ELFT
- NELFT
- Homerton
- Barts
- 65 plus bespoke providers

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Leading joint approach to Planning for the first time across NEL
- Coordinating finance discussions across NEL re pressures, risks and priorities
- Developing and evolving Improvement Networks, bringing together subject matter experts and creating a conducive environment to design best practice pathways and consistent offers across NEL
- BCYP Improvement network 15th November
- Rapid Response and Falls Network TBC January '24
- RR and Falls likely to lead to Improvement Network re Community Nursing/integration opportunities across health and social care workforce
- Discussions re MSK pathway in train with Planned Care colleagues
- Aligning with Digital work , Proactive Care, Universal Care Plan, Fuller
- Maximising opportunities for CHS blueprint/integration via Whipps X (WF and RB), St Georges HWB Hub (Havering) and Porters Ave (LBBB)
- Comprehensive CHS Diagnostic planned (to procure Dec '23) giving a bottom up approach from a PLACE perspective, to gain NEL wide understanding of resource, quality outcomes, user and carer experience, cost, workforce across health, local authorities, primary care, VCS

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

- Joint planning sessions 1st Nov and 11th Dec (45+ people across PLACEs and providers)
- 121 discussions with Place Directors, core provider leads
- Engagement across collaboratives and programmes (UEC, LTC, BCYP, Planned Care)
- Joint meeting with Primary Care Collab Dec '23

Co dependencies on other programmes

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Developing Consistent pathways and models for CHS, minimising variances in outcomes and experience
- Maximising opportunities to integrate and avoid duplication

Engagement with the public:

- Patient engagement at an early stage but conversations with Patient experience leads Nov '23 to utilise existing forums
- Well established carer and user infrastructure in BCYP

1. Our core objectives of high-quality care and a sustainable system

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

Our vision is for north east London to be a place where you can access consistent high-quality primary care, from a dedicated, motivated and multi-skilled workforce enabling local people to live their healthiest lives

The aim of our portfolio is to deliver on ambitious plans to transform primary care, offering patients with diverse needs a wider choice of personalised, digital-first health services through collaboration with partners across the health and social care and communities. National and local plans place a focus on improving access, prevention, personalisation, tackling inequalities and building trusting environments.

Our local challenges include population growth, deprivation, exacerbating poor physical and mental health and workforce retention and development and a financial challenge urging cost effectiveness and efficiency

Key stakeholders:

Place, PCNs, practices, pharmacy, Acute, Community and mental health collaboratives and Urgent and emergency care services. Healthwatch and patient groups.

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

There are a range of programme that make up the primary care portfolio to ensure the delivery of our goals.

Empowering patients - supporting patients to manage own health, stay healthy and access services. **Improving access** - providing a range of services and assistance to respond to patient needs in a timely manner. **Modernising primary care** - developing new and digital tools to support highly responsive quality care. **Building the workforce** - staff recruitment, retainment and develop plans in place to improve job satisfaction and flexibility. **Working smarter** - reduced workload across primary/secondary services and improvements to sustainable and efficient ways of working. **Optimising enablers** - estate, workforce and communication plans to support the implementation of our goals.

Integrated Neighbourhood Teams (INT) are pivotal to transforming Primary Care and will be delivered through work responding to the Fuller recommendations. **A framework** will offer a streamlined approach for the delivery by integrating Primary Care, including Pharmacy, Optometry and Dentistry, alongside wider health care, social care and voluntary sector organisations. INTs will facilitate care, through 'teams of teams' approach enabling **continuity of care**. These teams will also be instrumental in broadening the availability of care, providing **extended in and out-of-hours services**, including urgent care. A **single point of contact through advanced cloud-based telephony systems** will streamline access to care, while **improved signage and navigation** will guide patients to the right services.

The Fuller initiatives are accompanied by other enabling programmes. **People**, will bolster the **capacity of the ARRS roles, establish training and development opportunities**, and **determine the ideal workforce** for INTs. Infrastructure, including, Estates and Data will align current plans to INT requirements, as well as **Digital First** which aims to improve digital access (including remote consultation), NHS App usage, improving practice efficiency and increasing competence to use digital tools.

Wider programmes which are fully or partly delivered through primary care providers, include, **Pharmacy**, enhancing the role of the community pharmacy to improve access and patient self-management, **Long Term Conditions (LTCs)**, including a range of interventions such as case-finding, annual or post-exacerbation reviews for targeted patients, as well as programmes that sit in other collaboratives such as **Personalisation** and **Vaccinations**. Other transformational projects to improve dental and optometry services will be developed in the future as their provider groups mature.

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

A number on workshops with collaboratives, places and the UEC/ LTC / digital / workforce programmes.

The portfolio is overseen by a lead for UEC portfolio to strengthen interplay. Working in conjunction with other portfolios is a key improvement area following the deep dive in October Webinars held for PCNs to promote digital tools

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

April 2025:

- Same day handling of all calls to practices
- All practices transferred to cloud based telephony
- Improvements to NHS app and practices websites and e-Hubs
- All practices offering core and enhanced care for people with LTCs
- Additional services from community pharmacies
- All Places have INTs established for at least one patient cohort

April 2026:

- All practices will be CQC rated as GOOD or have action plans to achieve this further equalisation of enhanced services (IN DEVELOPMENT)

April 2028:

- Streamlined access to a universal same-day care offer, with the right intervention in the right setting and a responsive first point of contact

Engagement with the public:

Enhanced access engagement exercise with practices in 2022. London wide digital tools engagement involved NEL residents. Fuller programme plans to engage on the SDA vision

Planned Care

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

- The aim of the programme is to reduce waiting times for elective care in line with the national recovery plan so that no one is waiting more than 52 weeks by March 2025
- This will be delivered through an integrated system approach to improving equity of access to planned care for the people of North East London by focusing on 3 primary drivers – managing demand, optimising capacity & creating new capacity.
- The portfolio of planned care recovery & transformation work spans the elective care pathway from pre-referral to treatment encompassing out of hospital services, outpatients, diagnostics and surgery.
- The planned care portfolio consists of three significant programmes of work – outpatient & out of hospital transformation; diagnostic recovery & transformation and surgical optimisation. The activities and interventions undertaken with these programmes are designed to improve the management of demand, optimise existing capacity and support and enable the creation of new capacity

Key stakeholders:

- Trusts
- APC
- ICB
- Place Based Partnerships
- Primary Care Collaborative including PCNs
- Community Care Collaborative
- Independent Sector Providers – acute and community
- Clinical and operational teams across all acute Trusts

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

The portfolio of planned care recovery & transformation work spans the elective care pathway from pre-referral to treatment encompassing;

- **Outpatients and out of hospital services** - The aim of this programme is to optimise the use of our existing outpatient capacity whilst transforming how we work together across primary, community and secondary care to manage demand for services and create a sustainable outpatient & out of hospital system. Achieving this requires transformation across the whole pathway, as well as the way in which outpatient clinics are organised and delivered
- **Diagnostics** - The recovery and transformation of diagnostics includes a broad portfolio of work encompassing imaging, endoscopy, pathology and physiological measurement. The aim of the programme is to create resilient diagnostic services to support elective, including cancer, pathways
- **Surgical Optimisation** - The focus of this programme is to ensure we are using our available elective surgical capacity to increase volumes of activity and reduce waiting times. This includes Trusts improving the utilisation of their elective theatre capacity and optimising the use of NHS and ISP capacity to reduce waiting times. NEL has secured @ £33m investment from the target investment fund to open new theatres in Hackney, Newham and Redbridge, which are expected to operate as system assets.

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

The planned care recovery & transformation programme is an integrated system programme with system wide engagement at its heart. Priorities, governance and delivery structures have been created over the last 2 years with primary care, the ICB, PBP and acute providers.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

In NEL, this will mean delivering reduction in waiting times and reducing the variation in access that exists. Key benefits include;

- Reduce variation in service provision and improve equity of access
- Improve referral pathways. Enable patients to get the right service at the right time
- Improve patient accessibility to diagnostics, in order to; reduce pressures on primary and unplanned care, reduce waiting times, reduce steps in patient pathway, reduce follow-up activity; reduce non-admitted PTL, improved utilisation of imaging capacity
- Increase surgical activity at all sites, avoid wasted capacity, enable patients to be offered surgery at sites with shortest wait

Engagement with the public:

The national elective recovery plan has been developed with widespread public engagement. Our programme reflects these priorities, which are adapted to meet the needs of our local population.

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

The North-East London Cancer Alliance is part of the North East London Integrated Care System and is committed to **improving cancer outcomes and reducing inequalities for local people.**

Our aim is that everyone has equal access to better cancer services so that we can help to:

- Prevent cancer
- Spot cancer sooner
- Provide the right treatment at the right time
- Support people and families affected by cancer

• **Drivers**

- Our work enables the ICB to achieve its objectives, as set out in the strategy, across the ICB’s six cross-cutting themes:
- Tackling Health Inequalities
- Greater focus on Prevention
- Holistic and Personalised Care
- Co-production with local people
- Creating a High Trust Environment that supports integration and collaboration
- Operating as a Learning System driven by research and innovation

Key stakeholders:

Patient and Carers
 Providers, Partners, PLACE
 Cancer board
 APC Board and National / Regional Cancer Board

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- The programme consists of projects to improve diagnosis, treatment and personalised care.
- Key milestones to be delivered by March 2025 and 2026 include:
 - Deliver BPTP milestones in suspected prostate, lower GI, skin and breast cancer pathways:
 - Delivering the operational plan agreed for 28d FDS, combined 31d treatment and 62d cancer standards.
 - Deliver 100% population coverage for Non-Specific Symptoms (NSS) pathways.
 - Ensure sustainable commissioning arrangements for NSS pathways are in place for 2024/25
 - TLHCs provided in 3 boroughs with an agreed plan for expansion for all boroughs by 2025.
 - Develop and deliver coproduced quality improvement action plans to improve experience of care.
 - Support the extension of the GRAIL interim implementation pilot into NEL.
 - Ensure all patients are offered the personalised care package with equal access to psychological support, pre-rehabilitation and rehabilitation services.
 - Personalised stratified pathways can reduce outpatient attendance and allow patients to be monitored remotely reducing the need to attend clinics.
 - Improve the quality of life and support patients need to live beyond cancer.

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

- Weekly APG Operational delivery meeting
- Tumour specific Experts Reference Group (ERG)
- Project Delivery Groups (PDG)
- Cancer board – internal assurance
- Programme Executive Board – NEL operational delivery
- APC Board, CAB and National / Regional Cancer Board

Summary of the benefits/impact that North East London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- 2025/26:**
- Access to Targeted Lung Health Check service for 40% of the eligible population
 - Invitation for up to 45,000 people into the GRAIL pilot
 - Continued mainstreaming as part of the Lynch Syndrome pathway
 - Improved quality of life and experience of care.
- **2027/ 28:**
- Early cancer diagnosis: 75% of cases diagnosed at stage 1 or 2 by 2028.
 - Improved uptake of cancer screening
 - Every person in NEL receives personalised care and support from cancer diagnosis

Engagement with the public:

Patient Reference groups
 Campaign workshops

Maternity

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

- Three year delivery plan for maternity and neonatal services: 2023-2026. . This has consolidated the improvement actions committed to in Better Births, the NHS Long Term Plan, the Neonatal Critical Care Review, and reports of the independent investigation at Shrewsbury and Telford Hospital NHS Trust and the independent investigation into maternity and neonatal services in East Kent. The expectations on Local Maternity and Neonatal Systems are that they focus on the following areas;
 - Listening to, and working with, women and families with compassion
 - Growing, retaining, and supporting our workforce
 - Developing a Culture of safety, learning and support
 - Standards and structures that underpin safer, more personalised and more equitable care

Key stakeholders:

All LMNS and APC board Stakeholders (PBC, LA, Trusts, MNVPs- service users, Third sector organisations) Regional Maternity Transformation Team, Chief Midwife Office, ICB BCYP, Public Health.

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Pelvic Health Service: All women experiencing urinary incontinence to be able to access postnatal physiotherapy up to 1 year post delivery
- Increased breastfeeding rates, especially amongst babies born to women from black and minority ethnic groups or those living in the most deprived areas.
- Midwifery Continuity Care, prioritising the provision to women from Black and minority ethnic (BAME) groups who will benefit from enhanced models of care.
- Perinatal Optimisation Programme:
- Develop pathways to manage abnormally invasive placenta across NEL
- Workforce and Development Projects

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

All LMNS and APC board Stakeholders (PBC, LA, Trusts, MNVPs- service users, Third sector organisations) Regional Maternity Transformation Team, Chief Midwife Office, ICB BCYP, Public Health.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- By reducing stillbirth, maternal mortality, neonatal mortality, and serious brain injury in women and babies from BAME groups and women from deprived areas. National ambition to reduce by 50% by 2025
- By closely aligning maternity and neonatal care to deliver the best outcomes for women and their babies who need specialised care by achieving <27 weeks IUT.
- By improving personalised care for women with heightened risk of pre-term birth, including for younger mothers and those from BAME groups and deprived backgrounds
- By ensuring that all providers have full baby-friendly accreditation and that support is available to those who are from BAME groups and/or living in deprived areas who wish to breastfeed their babies
- Ensuring local maternity and neonatal voice partnerships (MNVPs) have the infrastructure they need to be successful and put service user voices at the heart of service improvement. This includes funding MNVP workplans and providing appropriate training, and administrative and IT support.

Engagement with the public:

MNVPs, Third Sector organisations and communities identified in the E&E LMNS report.

Babies, children and young people

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:
Vision: To provide the best start in life for the babies, children and young people of North East London.
Mission: The BCYP Programme aims to reduce unwarranted variation and inequality in health and care outcomes, increase access to services and improve the experience of babies, children, young people, families and carers and strengthen system resilience.
 Through strong working relationships across health and social care partners, we will increase collaboration, enhance partnership working and innovation, share best clinical and professional practices with each other and deliver high quality services.
Drivers: NEL Integrated Care Strategy, NHS Priorities and Operational Planning Guidance, NHS Long Term Plan, Ongoing impact of COVID-19 pandemic, Royal College of Paediatrics and Child Health – State of Child Health, Academy of Medical Royal Colleges – Prevention is better than cure and NHS England (London Region) Children and Young People’s mandated requirements.

Key stakeholders:
 ICB Executive, BCYP SRO, Place Directors; Collaborative/ Programme Directors; Provider Directors; GP CYP Clinical Leads;
 Directors of Children’s Social Care; Designated Clinical/Medical Officers; NHSE (London) CYP Team; North Thames Paediatric Network; Safeguarding Team; Parent Forums

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission
 Acute care - priorities are CYP elective care recovery, diabetes, allergy and addressing urgent and emergency care priorities for BCYP.
 Community-based care - priorities are local integrated care child health pilots, increasing capacity (including 7 day access to children’s community nursing and hospital@home), improving children’s community service waiting times;
 National/regional mandated priorities including long term conditions;
 Primary care – priorities are BCYP unregistered with a GP, YP access to integrated health hubs; ‘You’re Welcome standards and Child Health training curriculum;
 Special Education Needs and Disabilities (SEND) - SEND Inspection Readiness Group to ensure Places and ICB are prepared for new Ofsted Inspection framework and are meeting NHSE requirements. Focus Areas – Autism and Diagnostic pathways and Pre and Post offers of support for families.
 Special cohorts including Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) hub, looked after children and care experienced young people.

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios
 Acute, community, mental health/learning disabilities and autism and primary care collaboratives. LTC and UEC Programmes. Places via NEL BCYP Delivery Group

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:
 Care is delivered closer to home as our children, young people, their families and carers have requested;
 Enhanced quality of care for BCYP with asthma, diabetes and epilepsy;
 Improved access to primary and integrated care for BCYP via integrated health hubs;
 CYP with SEND will receive integrated support across education, health and care and reduced waiting times for SLT and autism;
 Prescription poverty for our care leavers will be tackled.
 Reduce the impact of child sexual abuse through improved prevention and better response.

Engagement with the public:
 Via Providers.
 SEND Parent’s Forum
 National Voices

Long Term Conditions

| | |
|--|---|
| <p>Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:</p> <p>Our vision - To support everyone living with a long-term condition in North East London to live a longer, healthier life and to work to prevent conditions occurring for other members of our community, and support communities to prevent LTC onset or progression</p> <p>Mission - Listening to communities to understand how we can support patients in managing their own conditions</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reduce working in silos and embed a holistic approach to LTCs • Reduce unwarranted variation and inequality in health and care outcomes • Increase access to services and improve the experience • Working partners to prevent residents from developing more than one LTC through early identification of risk factors • To ensure there are appropriate interventions and services that support a patient in preventing or managing an exacerbation of their condition • Keep hospital stay short and only when needed • To ensure we effectively plan and provide services that are value for money <p>Key drivers –</p> <p>Long-term conditions have a national and regional focus as a core component of the Long Term Plan, with attention on Cardiovascular disease, stroke, diabetes, and respiratory. Furthermore, LTCs are entwined with us to address inequalities, and we support projects such as Core25Plus and Innovation for Healthcare Inequalities Programme</p> <p>Long-term conditions (LTCs) is 1 of NEL's 4 System Priorities for improving quality and outcomes and tackling health inequalities. This is reflected in Place-based priorities which all have identified one or more LTCs</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Across NEL, one in four (over 600 thousand people) have at least one long-term condition, with significant variation between our places (in Havering, the figure is 33%, vs 23% in Newham and Tower Hamlets) • NEL is the highest performing ICB in England for many outcomes related to CVD, stroke, and renal, but local social demographics put the system at risk of continued growth in demand • Nationally, long-term conditions account for half of GP appointments, 64 percent of all outpatient appointments, and over 70 percent of all inpatient bed days. • The most deprived areas, people acquired three or more conditions (complex multimorbidity) when they were 7 years younger, compared with the least deprived. | <p>Key stakeholders:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Residents and communities • Place based teams • Regional and National colleagues • Organisation Delivery Networks • Voluntary organisations • Specialised Services • Pharmacy and Medicine Optimisation • Primary care • Babies, Children and Young People • Communities services • Community collaborative • Planned care • Acute Provider Collaborative • Mental health programme and collaborative • Urgent Care programme • BI and insights • Communication and engagement • Contracting and finance |
| <p>Programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission</p> <p>Primary prevention & Early identification</p> <p>Social determinants of health (SDOH) impact 80% of health outcomes from chronic disorders and across NEL we have areas of significant deprivation which is linked with increased prevalence of long-term health conditions and lower life expectancy</p> <p>We want to work with our local population to empowering and enabling people to manage their own health and engage in healthy behaviours across their lives, so they don't develop a LTC.</p> <p>Secondary prevention and avoiding complication</p> <p>DH data has demonstrated that 9 out of 10 strokes could be prevented and up to 80% of premature CVD deaths are preventable, if risk factors could be controlled. Working with social communities, and ensuring we provided person focused early identification, secondary care and avoiding complication enables us to improve outcome and reduce exacerbation of an LTC</p> <p>Co-ordinated care and equability of service</p> <p>Across NEL, one in four (over 600 thousand people) have at least one long-term condition, with significant variation between our places. The feedback from the Big Conversation reflects the need to join-up care and move forwards person focused approach. Working with colleagues at place we aim to continue to review current provision and reduce unwarranted variation in care across the pathway, with an aim of improving health outcomes</p> <p>Enabling people to live well with a LTC and tertiary prevention</p> <p>The effective support and management of LTC will increasingly require the management of complexity, and moving away from a single condition approach. In NEL 3 in 5 patients with a diagnosed long term condition have only one condition, the other 2 in 5 have multiple co-morbidities, of which diabetes and hypertension were most common</p> | <p>Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios</p> <p>Places – working with Heads of Live well across the 7 places who are responsible for LTCs</p> <p>Clinical/improvement Networks – wider engagement with trusts, community providers, pharmacy, primary care and place</p> <p>Organisation Delivery Networks (renal and CVD/cardiology)</p> <p>Other programme directors including specialised service, community, mental health, BYCP.</p> |
| <p>Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:</p> <p>Work toward national targets including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improve detection of atrial fibrillation and ensure appropriate stroke risk reduction through anticoagulation - by 2029 85% of expected numbers with AF are detected, and 90% of patients with AF and high risk of a stroke on anticoagulation. • Improve detection of undiagnosed hypertension and ensure those with hypertension are controlled to target – by 2029 80% of expected numbers with hypertension are detected and 80% of people with high blood pressure are treated to target • Improve access to and uptake of Cardiac Rehabilitation (CR) – by 2029 85% of eligible patients are accessing CR • Reduction of type 2 diagnoses / delayed onset in residents developing Type 2 (T2) diabetes delivered through an increase the number of people referred and starting the National Diabetes Prevention Programme (DPP) 45% of eligible populations). • nting with symptoms of Transient Ischaemic Attack will have access 7 days a week to stroke professionals who can provide specialist assessment and treatment within 24 hours of symptom onset thus preventing long term disability | <p>Engagement with the public:</p> <p>The big conversation which consists of 56 focus groups, 430 attendees of key community events and local survey focused on LTCs and the outputs are incorporated into prioritisation for 24/25.</p> <p>Furthermore, we have incorporated feedback at service level such PR and diabetes</p> |

Mental Health

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers: the aim of the Mental Health, Learning Disability and Autism Collaborative is to work together to improve outcomes, quality, value and equity for people with, or at risk of, mental health problems and/or learning disability and autism in North East London. We do this by putting what matters to service users and their families front and centre of everything we do.

The service user and carer priorities that represent our key drivers include:

- Improving peoples' experience of accessing mental health services, including their first contact with services, and ensuring equity of access
- Children and young people can access different support from different people, including those with lived experience, when and where they need it
- People with a learning disability have the support they need and a good experience of care, no matter where they live

Key stakeholders: NHS North East London, East London NHS Foundation Trust, North East London NHS Foundation Trust, local authorities, primary care, voluntary, community and social enterprise sector organisations, service users, carers & residents

- Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission**
1. Investing in and developing lived experience leadership across the MHLDA Collaborative so that experts by experience are active and equal partners in leading improvement and innovation across mental health, learning disability and neuro-developmental services
 2. Continuing the work led by our children and young peoples' mental health improvement network to reduce unwarranted variation across boroughs, and to do more of what works to reduce self-harm and improve outcomes for young people
 3. Accelerate the work of our talking therapies improvement network to improve access, and continue to transform and improve community mental health services, with a particular focus on improving equity of access for minoritised groups and people with neurodevelopmental needs
 4. Continue our focus on improving mental health crisis services and alternatives to admission - while also working to ensure that quality inpatient services are available for those who need them - making sure that people get the right support, at the right time, and in the right place
 5. Working to develop core standards for community learning disability services, with a view to reducing unwarranted variation between boroughs, and sharing good practice to support our specialist workforce better

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios: Place based priorities for mental health are the cornerstone of our plans. We also connect closely with the Acute Provider Collaborative on mental health support in emergency departments and form part of their programme governance on UEC. We also have strong links into the BCYP programme and community health.

- Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:**
- Improved access, outcomes and experience of NHS Talking Therapies for minoritised communities and other under-served populations
 - Improved system-wide response to children and young people presenting with self-harm through the introduction of new evidence-based interventions, including better support to teachers, GPs and parents
 - Improved offer of pre-diagnostic, diagnostic and post-diagnostic support for people with neurodevelopmental support needs
 - Greater equity in the community learning disability support offer across boroughs
 - Improved inpatient services with lower lengths of stay, and better options of high-quality supported housing / residential care for those who need it
 - Widespread adoption of personalised and person-centred care planning processes with an emphasis on continuity of care and biopsychosocial assessment

Engagement with the public: Our Lived Experience Leadership arrangements ensure we are continually engaging with children and young people, adults with mental health needs and people with learning disabilities and their families, and coproducing our work with service users

Employment and workforce

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

- Our vision is to create a transformational and flexible “One Workforce for NEL Health and Social Care” that reflects the diverse NEL communities and meets our system priorities.
- The mission focuses on developing a sustainable and motivated workforce, equipped with the right skills, competencies, and values, to improve the overall socio-economic outcomes of our NEL populations.
- The key drivers are responding to population growth and increasing demand, and developing meaningful and rewarding careers within health and social care services for local residents.

Key stakeholders:

- Provider CPOs
- People Board
- Place Directors
- Staff
- Local Authorities
- Care Sector

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- **System Workforce Productivity:** Continuing to address NEL’s difficult financial position through urgent investigation of workforce productivity drivers and implementation of productivity improvement initiatives.
- **System Strategic Workforce Planning:** Development of a strategic workforce planning function with the capacity, capability and digital enablers to provide the enable evidence-based decisions to ensure the long-term sustainability of the NEL Health and Social Care workforce. With the ultimate aim of developing of a system-wide health and social care workforce database and an integrated workforce planning system.
- **System Anti Racist Programme:** Embedding inclusive, anti-racist and empowering cultures across the system.
- **System wide scaling up and corporate services:** Identification of corporate services with scope for rationalisation. Streamlining operations, improving efficiency, standardising approach and reducing costs.
- **NEL Health Hub Project Programme:** Connecting local health and social care employers with colleges for employment opportunities. . Healthcare part is in partnership with Newham College and London Ambulance service and funded by GLA until March 2024. Social Care part is led by Care Provider Voice, aiming for 150 top outcomes, and funded until March 2025.
- These programmes are subject to approval by the People Board, Exec Committee, CPOS, Place, and collaboratives, aligning with the goal of enhancing socio-economic status in NEL through workforce development.

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

- Engaged with a broad spectrum of Health and Social Care partners through workshops and sessions.
- Involved Local Authorities, Voluntary and independent Care Sectors, Primary Care, NHS Trusts, Provider collaboratives, and Education Providers.
- More engagement is required.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- **Integrated Health and Social Care Services:** Enhanced workforce development will lead to more integrated and effective health and social care services, improving overall care delivery.
- **Workforce Expansion and Skilling:** Initiatives like the NEL Health Hub and Social Care Hub are set to expand the healthcare workforce, providing training and development opportunities, leading to better staffed and skilled services.
- **Healthcare System Sustainability:** Focus on financial stewardship and innovation will contribute to a more sustainable healthcare system, ensuring long-term service delivery and effectiveness.
- **Equity in Healthcare Employment:** Targeted employment opportunities for under-represented groups in health and social care sectors will enhance workforce diversity, contributing to more inclusive and equitable healthcare services.
- **Enhanced Health and Well-being Services:** Programs like the Keeping Well Nel programme, funded until June 2024, will enhance health and well-being services, directly benefiting the ICS, workforce, and indirectly impacting local population health.

Engagement with the public:

- Actively engaged ICS staff via hackathons and NEL residents through community events and job fairs.
- Utilized feedback from the Big Conversation for inclusive strategy development.
- More engagement is required.

Specialist Commissioning

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

Our vision:

- is to ensure that the population of north east London have good access to high quality specialist care that wraps around the individual, and ensures the best possible outcomes

Our mission and drivers:

- We are responsible for planning and commissioning of delegated specialised health services across north east London. We are responsible for specialised spend, performance and outcomes, and ensuring all parts of the local health system work effectively together to deliver exemplary specialist care
- We are responsible for integrating pathways of care from early intervention and prevention of LTC through to specialist provision, ensuring end to end pathways to improve outcomes and manage future demand of costly specialist care.
- We set priorities for specialised services and work with our local ICS, multi ICB partners and London regional partners to deliver world class specialised services to benefit patients within north east London, North London or London ensuring access to the right level of care.
- We will do this by working together with health partners, specialist providers, local authorities and the voluntary community and social enterprise (VCSE) sector, with residents, patients and service users to improve how we plan and deliver specialised services.

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

From 2024/25, ICBs will have budget allocated to them on a population basis, and from April 25 this will be allocated on a needs based allocation basis. The specialised allocation will follow a similar formula to that of other nonspecialised services that ICBs hold, and **so can be considered and contracted for alongside the rest of the pathways we commission**. Delegation of specialised services and transformation of specialised services allows us to consider the totality of resources for our population, making it easier to ensure investment in the most optimal way to improve quality and outcomes, reduce health inequalities and improve value.

The key programmes of work are to:

1. Ensure safe delegation of specialised services working alongside the NHSE regional team
2. Joint work with NHSE, London ICBS and locally in NEL focussed on specialised transformation: sickle cell disease (Haemoglobinopathies), HIV and Hepatitis (including liver disease), Renal disease, Neurosciences, Cardiology, complex urogynaecology and specialist paediatrics
3. Working alongside other portfolios will deliver this mission, mainly LTC to ensure a whole pathway approach routed in place, cancer, planned care, critical care, BCYP and mental health

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

HIV

- People living with HIV will have improved follow up care with investment in a community led peer programme with an aim to reduce by 70% the number of eligible patients that are lost to care/failed by care. This follow up care will include regular testing, counselling, mentoring, group support, assurance and information and advice.

Renal

- Working towards maximise patient dialysing at home - 496 patients on home therapies by 31/32 (target of 28% of patients on home therapies by 2032).
- Working towards maximise patients being transplanted - 280 transplant operations completed in 31/32

Sickle Cell

- Local people with sickle cell will receive appropriate analgesia and other pain management measures (ideally within 30 minutes) when attending any acute A&E in NEL
- Residents will have timely access to multi-disciplinary team to support delivery of trauma-informed care based on the principles of safety, trust, choice, collaboration, empowerment and cultural competence.

Hepatitis and HIV

- To achieve micro elimination of HCV across NEL (2025).
- Improved access to diagnostics and increase local prevention programmes by aligning with the British Liver Trust optimal pathway. This will support the reduction in the growth rate of liver disease (currently 20%).

Neurosciences

- 10% of eligible stroke admissions will have consistent 24/7 access to mechanical thrombectomy to reduce the impact of stroke
- Improve detection of atrial fibrillation and ensure appropriate stroke risk reduction through anticoagulation - by 2029 85% of expected numbers with AF are detected, and 90% of patients with AF and high risk of a stroke on anticoagulation.

Cardiology

- Shorter waiting times and reduced elective and non-elective
- HF 30 day readmission rates have recently risen to more than 20%. We aim to reduce this to reduce this <15% with roll out of dedicated HF pharmacist to review and titrate patients post discharge

Key stakeholders:

- NHS London Region and London ICB partners
- NEL Provider Trusts
- North London ICB Programme Board partners (NCL/NWL)
- ODNs, mandatory and local clinical networks
- EoE Region
- Local authorities
- VCSE

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios:

- APC Executive
- APC Joint Committee
- NEL Executive leads
- Close working with other ICB portfolios: LTC, Cancer, Planned Care, Critical Care, CYP, mental health

Engagement with the public:

- Engagement via regional and local clinical networks including Renal service users to inform dialysis provision
- Cardiac ODN: women, family
- HIV work with charities

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Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers: There are four key elements to the ICS digital strategy; patient access, population health, shared record access and provision of core infrastructure:

- **Patient Access** gives residents the ability to view their records and interact digitally with health and care providers. This is and will be provided through expanding use of the NHSApp, Online and Video consultation tools, online registration and the patient held record system, Patients Know Best
- **Population Health** utilises a variety of data sources to build a picture of care needs at various levels, primarily identifying specific cohorts of patients requiring intervention but also providing overviews at population level, allowing providers to alter service provision
- **Shared Records** is the mechanism for ensuring that clinicians and other care professionals have as full a picture as possible to allow them to provide the most appropriate care to individual patients / residents. This was pioneered in NEL and is now used across London and beyond
- **Core infrastructure** is the fundamental basis for all digital activity; the foundational work done at each provider that allows them to operate effectively and puts them on a sure footing to be able to contribute to and receive data from systems external to themselves

Key stakeholders:

All ICS health and care providers including NHS trusts, local authorities, GPs, community pharmacists, care home providers, third sector health and care providers, NHS England

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

The largest investment currently taking place is the replacement of the core electronic patient record (EPR) system in BHRUT. This is being replaced by extending the existing Oracle Millennium system in use at Barts Health. Planning is underway, with the system expected to be live by March 2025. Other significant investments in Trusts include:

- The expansion of the functionality available via the NHSApp to include the ability to manage hospital and community appointments, and the ability for patients and clinicians to interact digitally where appropriate, thus improving the experience for digitally enabled patients and freeing up resource to support those wishing to use traditional methods. This is enabled by the PHR programme
- Use of artificial intelligence and robotic process automation to support diagnostics and faster completion of administrative tasks such as clinic management within trusts, thus improving patient experience and reducing the administrative burden on trusts
- All acute trusts using the same imaging platform to store and view x-rays, scans, etc., reducing the requirement for repeat diagnostic procedures and making them available to any clinician that needs access. ICS-wide cyber security plans are in place with funding having been secured
- Introduction of remote monitoring equipment to support expansion of virtual wards

Details of engagement undertaken with places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

Members of the digital team attend portfolio and collaboratives' meetings. A meeting has taken place with place directors but further meetings are needed.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Residents can choose to interact with health and care professionals via the use of the NHSApp, Patient Held Record, online consultation and video consultation tools, which will smooth their interaction with the NHS and free up capacity to deal with people choosing to use other routes
- Patient level and aggregated information is provided to clinicians, managers and researchers, subject to a strict approval process. This helps change the planning and delivery of healthcare provision
- NEL hosted data is used across London and neighbouring ICS's, breaking down barriers by facilitating the sharing of information and good practice
- Information is provided to individual clinicians and other professionals from within their main system, giving access to information held by most London Trusts, which enables them to provide
- Key strategic programmes are co-ordinated by the ICS team, including Community Diagnostic Centres, Frontline Digitisation, Virtual wards, Care Sector, secondary care Appointment Systems and Primary Care Digital First, working with health, social care and third sector partners

Engagement with the public:

The One London programme has held various consultation meetings with patients across London, the results of which inform the strategies of each of the ICS' across London. Further engagement has been requested through further 'Big Conversations' planned in NEL

The benefits that north east London local people will experience by April 2024 and April 2026:

- Improving quality and outcomes for local people of north east London
- Securing greater equity for our residents
- Maximising value for money
- Deepening collaboration between partners

How this transformation programme reduces inequalities between north east London’s local people and communities:

- Incentivising transformation and innovation in clinical practice and the delivery of services to improve the outcomes of local people
- Supporting delivery of care closer to patients’ homes, including investing in programmes that take place outside the hospital environment
- Refocus how the money is spent to focus on population health, including proactive measures that keep people healthier and to level up investment to address historical anomalies of funding
- Increasing investment in prevention, primary care, earlier intervention and the wider determinants of health, including environmental sustainability

Key programme features and milestones:

- Supporting our providers to reduce transactional costs, improve efficiency and reduce waste and duplication
- Support the financial stability of our system providers and underpinning a medium to long term trajectory to financial balance for all partners
- Recognising existing challenges, including that NEL is, as a SOF 3 ICS, financially challenged with a growing population and an acute provider (BHRUT) in SOF 4 for financial performance.
- Ensuring we do not create unnecessary additional financial risk, especially in the acute sector
- ICS investment pool to fund programs designed to reduce acute demand
- Finance development programme to agree overall budgets and develop place based budgets and budgetary delegation to place
- Effective integration of specialised commissioning, community pharmacy, dental and primary care ophthalmology services

Further transformation to be planned in this area:

- Supporting the integration of health and social care for people living with long term conditions who currently receive care from multiple agencies
- Ensuring that all partners are able to understand and influence the total amount of ICB resources being invested in the care of local people.

Leadership and governance arrangements:

- Reporting to the ICB Board and Place Partnership Boards
- Finance, Performance and Investment Committee
- Audit and Risk Committee
- CFO lead monitoring of monthly and forecast performance

Programme funding:

- ICB plan submitted with a total budget of £4,218m in 23/24
- Specific transformation budgets, including health inequalities, virtual wards, physical, demand and capacity funding

Key delivery risks currently being mitigated:

- Risk to delivery of a balanced financial position. Mitigated by delivery of efficiencies, delay of planned investments

Physical infrastructure

Capital pipeline work to be completed
Jan. Review in January 2024

The benefits that north east London local people will experience by April 2024 and April 2026:

- Across NEL ICS organisations, there are 332 estates projects in our pipeline over the next 5 /10 years, with a total value of c. £2.9 billion
- These include the redevelopment of Whipps Cross hospital and a new centre on the site of St George's, Hornchurch
- Formal opening of new St George Health and Wellbeing Hub – **Spring 2024**

How this transformation programme reduces inequalities between north east London's local people and communities:

- Infrastructure transformation is clinically led across the footprint whilst also achieving the infrastructure based targets set by NHSE.
- Our vision is to drive and support the provision of fit for purpose estate, acting as an enabler to deliver transformed services for the local population. This is driven through robust system wide Infrastructure planning aligned to clinical strategies, which is providing the overarching vision of a fit for purpose, sustainable and affordable estate.

Key programme features and milestones:

Acute reconfiguration £1.2bn (includes estimated total for Whipps Cross Redevelopment of c. £755m)

- Mental Health, £110m
- Primary and Community Care, £250m
- IT systems and connectivity, £623m (inc. NEL Strategic digital investment framework c.£360m)
- Medical Devices replacement, £256m
- Backlog Maintenance, £315m
- Routine Maintenance inc PFI, £160m

Further transformation to be planned in this area:

- Construction will be undertaken where possible using modern methods in order to reduce time and cost and will be net carbon zero.
- Consider use of void spaces and transferred ownership of leases to optimise opportunity to meet demand and contain costs.
- Support back-office consolidation

Programme funding:

- Over the next 10 years there is expected to be a c£2.9bn capital ask from programmes across NEL

Leadership and governance arrangements:

- System-wide estates strategy and centralised capital pipeline
- Capital overseen by Finance, Performance and Investment Committee of NHS NEL.

Key delivery risks currently being mitigated:

- Recent hyperinflation has pushed up the cost of many schemes by as much as 30%. Currently exploring how to mitigate this risk, including reprioritisation
- Exploring opportunities for investment and development with One Public Estate, with potential shared premises with Councils

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Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:
Vision
 By 2028, residents in Barking and Dagenham will have improved physical and mental health and wellbeing, with a reduction in the gap in health inequalities between Barking and Dagenham resident and people living elsewhere. Our strategic aims are to:

- Enable babies, children and young people to get the best start in life
- Ensure that residents live well and when they need help they can access the right support at the right time in a way that works for them
- Enable residents to live healthier for longer and be able to manage their health, have increased opportunities to have an early diagnosis of health conditions and be provided with appropriate care to manage a condition before it becomes more serious

Interdependent ICB programmes

- Babies, Children and Young People; Maternity programme; Fuller programme; Population Health programme; Long Term Conditions programme; Urgent & Emergency Care programme; Estates

Interdependent Collaborative programmes

- Acute; Community Health; Mental Health, Learning Disability and Autism; Primary Care; VCSE

Key stakeholders:
 NELFT
 Primary care/PCNS
 BHRUT/Barts
 VCSE
 Healthwatch
 Local Authority-childrens and adults services; public health Estates and housing teams

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- **Improving outcomes for CYP with SEND** with a focus on therapy support, ASD diagnosis and pre-and post-diagnostic support, mental health in schools
- **Tackling childhood obesity** leveraging the opportunities through family and community hubs for prevention
- **Development of Integrated Locality Health and Social Care Teams** (physical and mental health)
- **Developing a proactive and prevention approach to delivery of services** with targeted prevention approaches for falls prevention, dementia diagnosis and early support; long-term conditions identification and support and health outcomes for people who are homeless
- **Optimising outcomes and experience for pathways** - developing a 24/7 Community End of Life Care Model; integrated Rehab and Reablement services; high Intensity User Services; demand and capacity management of high risk pathways (waiting list management)
- **Improving the physical health of people with SMI**

Engagement with the public:
 Best Chance Strategy for CYP and families; Just Say Parent Forum, engagement in Adults and Community strategy (ongoing)

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- BCYP get the best start, are healthy, happy and achieve, thrive in inclusive communities, are safe and secure and grow up to be successful young adults
- Providing accessible services and support for residents to prevent the development of health conditions wrapped around local communities
- Improving physical and mental health and wellbeing for residents, particularly those with long term conditions
- Reduced reliance on acute and crisis services
- Improved physical health outcomes for those with a serious mental illness

Havering

Havering Place based Partnership vision, mission and key drivers:

A Healthier Havering where everyone is supported to thrive; The vision of the Havering Partnership is to pool our collective resources to create person centred, seamless care and support designed around the needs of local people throughout their life course, with a strong focus on prevention, addressing inequalities and the wider determinants of health. This compliments Havering Council’s vision for the ‘Havering that you want to be a part of’, with a strong focus on people, place and resources. We will do this by; Tackling inequalities and deprivation to reduce the impact that this has to access to services, and outcomes; Improving Mental and Emotional Support, Tackling Havering’s biggest killers; Improving earlier care and support; coordinating and joining up care; working with people to build resilient communities and supporting them to live independent, healthy lives.

Interdependent ICB programmes

- Mental Health
- Long Term Conditions
- Urgent and Emergency Care
- Workforce and other enablers such as digital
- Planned Care
- Carers work and other cross place programmes

Interdependent Collaborative programmes

- Acute Provider Collaborative
- Community Provider Collaborative
- VCSE Provider Collaborative
- Mental Health Provider Collaborative
- Primary Care Collaborative
- North East London Cancer Alliance

Key Programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- **Start Well**; Children and young people get the best start in life, are able to achieve the best opportunities and keep as healthy and well as possible throughout their lives
- **Live Well**; People enjoy and are able to maintain a sense of wellbeing and good health, supported by resilient communities. They can access care and information when needed.
- **Age Well**; People are able to live independently in their own homes with appropriate care and support to maintain and develop their social and community networks
- **Die Well**; People are supported to ensure the last stages of their life happen in the best possible circumstances, receiving the right help at the right time from the right people
- **Building community resilience programme and other key enablers**; including improvements to Primary Care and delivery of the recommendations in the Fuller review, roll out of the Joy App as our single database of services and referral mechanism for social prescribing, making better use of our estate and delivery of new models of care such as the St Georges project, improvements to urgent and emergency care, imbedding a prevention approach, addressing our key workforce challenges by working together, creating the enabling framework for place including information sharing agreements between partners to enable decisions and service improvement to be driven by joined up data.
- Built on a foundation of a **joint health and care team**, bringing together the Havering Place NHS team with the Local Authority Joint Commissioning Unit to deliver improved outcomes for local people and better value for money in our commissioned services

Key stakeholders:

- Local People
 - Staff
 - VCSE
 - London Borough of Havering and their staff, who are coming together with the NHS Place team to form a joint team
 - NELFT
 - BHRUT
 - Healthwatch
 - Care Providers Voice (including Home Care and Care Home providers)
 - PELC
 - Primary Care including the GP Federation and PCNs
 - NHS North East London partners
 - Police and other community partners
 - Wider NHS partners
 - Wider Community partners and groups
- Local People are at the heart of all of the work of the Place based Partnership

Engagement with the public:

A significant engagement programme has been underway with local people, VCSE groups, and stakeholders since the inception of the partnership. We are building an ongoing relationship with local people, and developing case studies to embed their experiences to drive improvements locally.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

| Start Well Ambitions | | |
|--|---|---|
| Immediate ambitions (1-3 years) | Medium term (3-5 years) | Long term (5 - 10 years) |
| Reduce the number of children and their families attending Emergency Departments for non-emergency care | Increase the number of Children and Young People receiving support for their emotional wellbeing through Primary Care | Increase the number of children and their families receiving best practice End of Life Care provision |
| Reduce the number of Children and Young People attending Emergency Departments in emotional or mental health crisis | Increase the number of children receiving timely Autism Spectrum Disorder (ASD) diagnosis and integrated family support | |
| Improve access to services and reduce wait times, particularly for Primary Care, non-elective care, and other services | Reduce the wait time of children for Special Educational Needs therapy provision | |
| Reduce spend on care for those with more complex needs by looking at innovative and local solutions for placements | Increase the use of Child Health Hubs to deliver integrated community care for children and their families | |
| Deliver greater value for money through joint commissioning of contracts where possible, which will also deliver more seamless, integrated services for local people | Reduce the percentage of children who are physically inactive and/or obese | |
| | Reduce the number of children and young people living in cold, damp or mouldy homes | |

| Live Well Ambitions | | |
|---|---|--|
| Immediate ambitions (1-3 years) | Medium term (3-5 years) | Long term (5 - 10 years) |
| Improve access to services and reduce wait times, particularly for Primary Care, non-elective care, and other services | Increase diagnosis rates for type 2 diabetes and hypertension | Increase healthy life expectancy |
| Reduce the percentage of adults who are physically inactive and/or obese | Increase the percentage of adults with a learning disability living in settled accommodation | Reduce the gap in life expectancy between the most and least deprived areas of the borough |
| Reduce smoking prevalence in adults | Increase the percentage of cancers being diagnosed at an earlier stage | Reduce alcohol-related mortality |
| Improve access to services and reduce wait times, particularly for Primary Care, non-elective care, and other services | Reduce the number of people living in cold, damp or mouldy homes | Reduce the rate of suicides |
| Increase the number of people who provide informal and unpaid care who are registered with the Carers Hub and in receipt of information and support | | Reduce early deaths from cardiovascular disease and respiratory disease |
| Increase use of digital enabled systems to support early detection for Atrial Fibrillation and Chronic Kidney Disease | | Eliminate all inappropriate out of area mental health placements |
| Increase uptake of home testing including ACR and blood pressure | Increase the number of people being referred to the national diabetes prevention programme | |
| | Reduce wait times and increase support for those with lower level mental health issues to enable a preventative approach to mental health and wellbeing | |

| Age Well Ambitions | | |
|---|--|---|
| Immediate ambitions (1-3 years) | Medium term (3-5 years) | Long term (5 - 10 years) |
| Increase the number of older people with a personalised care and support plan | Reduce the number of older people being referred to adult social care | Reduce permanent inappropriate admissions into residential care |
| Reduce the rate of emergency hospital admissions, including readmissions | Increase access for older people with a common mental illness to psychological therapies | Reduce the percentage of older people reporting that they feel lonely |
| Reduce the rate of acute length of stay for frail older people, returning their 'home sooner' | Increase the number of volunteers supported to find a volunteering opportunity | |
| Reduce the rate of older people having discharge delays from hospital (delayed transfers of care) | Reduce the number of frail older people living in cold, damp or mouldy homes | |
| Increase the number of informal and unpaid Carers having a carer assessment and receiving appropriate support | Increase the number of older people who have their seasonal flu vaccination | |

| Die Well Ambitions | | |
|---|--|---|
| Immediate ambitions (1-3 years) | Medium term (3-5 years) | Long term (5 - 10 years) |
| Reduce the percentage of people who have or are offered a personal health budget towards end of life (fast-track) | Increase the percentage of people in the last 3 years of life who are registered on a local end of life register | Increase, in the recording of preferred place of death |
| Reduce the average number of patients per month who die in hospital whilst being referred to be discharged | Increase access to Bereavement support in Havering | Increase the number of people who die in their preferred place of death |
| Reduce the percentage of older people who die within 7 days of an emergency hospital admission | Reduce the percentage of older people who die within 14 days of an emergency hospital admission | |

Full details of the benefits are captured in the Havering Place based Partnership interim strategy

Redbridge

Place vision, mission and key drivers:

VISION: The Redbridge Partnership will relentlessly focus on improving the outcomes for the people of Redbridge and seek always to make a positive difference to people’s lives. Together, we will build on what we have already achieved and use our combined resources to create person-centred, responsive care to build services around the needs of our communities within Redbridge. We will have a strong focus on prevention, addressing inequalities and the wider determinants of health.

KEY PRIORITIES: **Babies, Children & Young People (BCYP)**-Childhood Immunisations, **Housing & overcrowding, Multi-Disciplinary Team working(MDT)**- service integration, **Mental Health (MH)**– Access & wellbeing

DRIVERS: Good governance and accountability, a focus on the patient/resident's voice, a focus on Organisational Development, Commitment to working in partnership and beyond organisational boundaries, reliable data to inform impacts and adequate resourcing

Key stakeholders:

- London Borough of Redbridge (LBR)
- Redbridge Community Volunteer Service (RCVS)
- Healthwatch
- Healthbridge (GP Federation),
- The Primary Care Networks (PCNs) in Redbridge
- North East London NHS Foundation Trust (NELFT),
- NHS NEL ICB
- Barking Havering & Redbridge University Hospitals NHS Trust (BHRUT)
- Barts Health NHS Trust (specifically Whipps Cross),
- Provider Collaboratives
- Care Provider Voice CPV)
- PELC
- LMC
- BHR CEPN

Interdependent ICB portfolios

Long Term Conditions (LTC), Learning Disabilities (LD)/Mental Health (MH), Planned Care (PC), Health Inequalities (HI), Babies, Children and Young People (BCYP), Urgent and Emergency Care (UEC)

Interdependent Provider Collaboratives

Community Collaborative, Acute Provider Collaborative, Cancer, Collaborative, Primary Care Collaborative, Mental Health Collaborative

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission. (PLEASE NOTE THE PRIORTIES ARE PLANNED TO BE FORMALLY SIGNED OFF AT THE JANUARY 24 PARTNERSHIP BOARD.)

Start Well: Hospital at Home, Paediatric Integrated Nursing Service (PINs), Learning Disability Key workers, Integrated child health hubs, Special Education Needs & Disability (SEND), Children & Young People Asthma one stop shop

Live Well: Long Term Conditions Prevention/diagnosis, A Cardio renal and cardio vadcular programme, Increase health checks for residents with Serious Mental Illness (SMI) , Mental Health & Learning Disability, Review of Commissioning overlaps between organisations, Improve quality of life for residents of Redbridge.

Urgent & Emergency Care/Ageing Well: Keeping people well at home, Same day access to urgent care, Hospital flow-length of stay in hospital, Discharge from Hospital, End of Life Care, Avoidance of unnecessary attendance and admissions to hospital.

Primary Care: Fuller Programme (Integrated Multi-Disciplinary Care, Staying well for longer, Access to care & advice), Direct Enhanced Services, Local Incentive Schemes, Same Day Access and extended hours care, Asylum Seekers services, Homeless Services, Spirometry

Health Inequalities: Various schemes addressing Core 20+5

Ilford Exchange Health Centre: To develop and deliver a new health centre in Ilford town centre following an extensive public consultation in September 2022. The consultation was over 6 weeks and included a range of engagement tools and events such as public surveys, information stands, 4 public engagement events and 1 event with a local charity One Place East.

Engagement with the public:

The RBP will engage with local communities and organisations to create a strategic priorities programme that is informed by the views of local people. In particular we plan to have engagement workshops once the key priorities are signed off in January 2024, to shape the work programmes. We will also have resident rep’s on each Steering Group which are sub-committees of the Partnership Board.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

By April 2025 and 2027 the Redbridge Place Based Partnership will:

- Significantly reduce the variation in undiagnosed Long Term Condition diagnosis rates and improve early treatment intervention.
- Significantly improve the uptake of childhood immunisations
- Improve the rate of Healthchecks for residents with Serious Mental Illness.
- Reduce the number of Children & Young People patients attending A&E through the hospital at homes programme
- Significantly reduce health inequalities underpin by the Core20+
- Improve same day access for residents across both health and care
- Have a new integrated health centre operational in the Ilford Exchange by 2025.

Tower Hamlets

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

- Tower Hamlets residents, whatever their backgrounds and needs, are supported to self-care, thrive and achieve their health and life goals
- Health and social care services in Tower Hamlets are accessible, high quality, good value and designed around people’s needs, across physical and mental health and throughout primary, secondary and social care
- Service users, carers and residents and children are active and equal partners in health and care and equipped to work collaboratively with THT partners to plan, deliver and strengthen local services
- All residents - no matter their ethnicity, religion, gender, age, sexuality, disability or health needs - experience equitable access to and experience of services, and are supported to achieve positive health outcomes

Interdependent ICB programmes

- ICB anti-racism workstream
- ICB CYP workstream
- ICB long term conditions workstream
- ICB MH workstream
- Primary Care Access
- ICB Fuller workstream
- ICB urgent care review
- Access to data & insights

Interdependent Collaborative programmes

- Community collaborative model for health and care
- Primary care collaborative
- Supporting out of borough NEL discharges
- Mental Health collaborative
- Planned Care workstream

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Improving access to primary and urgent care
- Building resilience and self-care to prevent and manage long term conditions
- Implementing a localities and neighbourhoods model
- Facilitating a smooth and rapid process for hospital discharge into community care
- Being an anti-racist and equity driven health and care system
- Ensuring that Babies, Children and Young People are supported to get the best start in life
- Providing integrated Mental Health services and interventions

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Ensuring residents can equally access high quality primary and urgent care services when and where they need them
- Better prevention of long term conditions and management of existing conditions
- Ensuring that every resident can access the health and care services they need to support their continued health and wellbeing within their local area or neighbourhood, including GP, pharmacy, dental and leisure facilities
- A smooth and rapid process for discharging residents from hospital to suitable community-based care settings when they are ready for this transition
- Ensuring our health and care system and services are achieving equitable outcomes for all residents and addressing inequalities that exist, e.g. access, experience, representation and outcomes
- Ensuring babies, children and young people (and their families) are supported to get the best start in life, especially where they have additional needs
- Providing integrated services and interventions to promote and improve the mental wellbeing of our residents

Key stakeholders :

LBTH
 NEL ICB
 Barts Health Trust
 TH GP Care group
 ELFT
 Healthwatch
 TH CVS

Tower Hamlets residents and service users

Engagement with the public:

The workstreams and the THT Board include VCS and resident stakeholders who input into the design of the programme.

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Newham

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:
 Working with our diverse communities of all ages to maximise their health, wellbeing and independence. Supported by a health and care system that enables easy access to quality services, in your neighbourhood, delivered by people who are proud to work for Newham.

- Interdependent ICB programmes**
- Babies, Children and Young People
 - Fuller
 - Long Term Conditions
 - Maternity
 - Population Health
 - Urgent & Emergency Care

- Interdependent Collaborative programmes**
- Acute
 - Community Health
 - Mental Health, Learning Disability and Autism
 - Planned Care
 - Primary Care
 - VCSE

- Key stakeholders:**
- ELFT
 - Healthwatch
 - LBN
 - NEL ICB
 - NUH
 - Primary Care
 - Residents
 - VCFS

- Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission**
- Joint Planning Groups (JPGs) for Babies, Children and Young People; Mental Health; Learning Disabilities and Autism; Ageing Well; Primary Care; and Urgent Care
 - Additional JPG for Long Term Conditions being explored
 - Local Authority-led programmes across Health Equity and Well Newham (prevention)
 - Population growth programme

- Engagement with the public:**
- Residents and People & Participation Leads attend Partnership Board, JPGs and project groups

- Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:**
- Reduce the prevalence and impact of long-term conditions on residents' lives
 - Enable people to stay well in their own homes by proactively organising and managing their care & support
 - Improve the mental wellbeing of residents and ensure people have access to mental health support when and how they need it
 - Involve, engage and co-produce all our plans with residents
 - Ensure people stay in hospital for the optimum time and are supported to rehabilitate and recover
 - Ensure when people need urgent help they can access it quickly and as close to home as possible
 - Develop and integrate children's services to ensure children have the best start in life
 - Prepare for significant population growth in Newham and North East London and strengthen prevention initiatives

Waltham Forest

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

Our aim is for the population of Waltham Forest to have healthier lives by enabling them to **start well, live well, stay well and age well**, supporting each individual through to the end of their lives. We will do this by working together, as partner organisations and with our residents, **to improve health outcomes and reduce health inequalities**.

- We will engage and involve our residents to coproduce our interventions and services
- We will focus on supporting all residents to stay well and thrive throughout their lives
- We will use population health management approaches to understand the needs of our residents and target our resources to improve equity
- We will ensure when people need help, they can access high quality, good value services quickly and easily and are enabled to stay in their homes or return home as soon as possible.

Interdependent ICB programmes

- ICB anti-racism workstream
- ICB UEC workstream
- ICB CYP workstream
- ICB long term conditions workstream
- ICB MH workstream
- Primary Care Access
- ICB Fuller workstream
- ICB Digital workstream

Interdependent Collaborative programmes

- Whipps Cross redevelopment programme
- MH Collaborative
- Community Collaborative
- Primary care Collaborative
- Planned care workstream

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Delivery of a programme of locality **prevention, wellbeing and self-care** to intervene earlier with residents to improve health outcomes identification for intervention and support for residents with **LTCs**.
- Delivery of proactive anticipatory care through delivery of **Care Closer to Home** transformation programme and establishing **Integrated Neighbourhood teams and hubs**.
- Deliver alternative to unplanned attendances and admissions to acute hospital and improve discharge pathways through the delivery of the **Home First programme** of transformation and improving **same day access to primary care**.
- To publish a **children's health strategy**, improve access to **therapies** and reduce the need for children to attend hospital.
- To transform **EOL** services in Waltham Forest to ensure residents have the support to die in their choice of place.
- Publishing a strategy for **children's health**, improving access to children's therapies, and developing services to reduce the need for children to attend Whipps Cross Hospital in an emergency.
- Improving access to **Mental Health** support in community for all ages and promoting positive well-being for all.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

Key stakeholders

:

Engagement with the public:

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City & Hackney

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

City & Hackney PbP Vision: Working together with our residents to improve health and care outcomes, address health inequalities and make City and Hackney thrive, by focussing on 3 key areas:

1. Giving every child the best start in life (often by recognising the role of families)
2. Improving mental health and preventing mental ill-health
3. Preventing, and improving outcomes for people with long-term health and care needs

Supporting our population health priority outcome areas (above), we are implementing 6 cross cutting approaches: Increasing social connection, ensuring healthy places, supporting greater financial wellbeing, joining up our local health and care services around resident's and families' needs, taking effective action to address racism and other discrimination, and supporting the health and care workforce. City and Hackney Neighbourhoods programme is about fostering community connections.

Our aim is to improve quality of care (clinical cost effectiveness, experience and safety) including access and waiting times for all our residents particularly those experiencing Health inequalities. We apply the principles of right time, right place, right support. We acknowledge that the solution lies at "whole-system" level and requires detailed collaboration with wider system partners including local authorities, public health and our voluntary sector partners and strengthening partnership working and synergies to maximise benefits in terms of outcomes and system sustainability. Residents and Families are at the heart of everything we do.

Key drivers: - national and regional policy frameworks, local needs, and addressing areas in C&H where we have poor outcomes and evidence of inequalities (as articulated in JSNAs, Population Health data, and more)

Interdependent ICB programmes

Start Well – BCYP programme priorities on Community Capacity (waiting lists, insights), Primary Care (new models, better integration) Acute care (capacity i.e.. diabetes, allergy)

Live Well - LTC and Specialised Commissioning; Planned Care; Urgent and Emergency Care; Personalised Care

Age Well - Palliative & End of Life Care; NEL Care Home / Care Provider Forum / Network; Continuing Healthcare; NEL Carers Network

Mental Health - Children (C&H); Unplanned / Crisis Care (C&H); Community Care (C&H); NEL MH Delivery Group

Interdependent Collaborative programmes

Start Well – APC, Community Collaborative (Waiting lists, SLT), Mental health collaborative, C&H CAMHS Alliance, Primary Care Collaboratives

Live Well – APC; Community Collaborative

Age Well - Mental Health Alliance; Primary Care Collaboratives

Mental Health - Mental Health Integration Committee (MHIC); C&H Children's Emotional Health and Wellbeing Partnership; C&H Psychological Therapies and Wellbeing Alliance (PTWA); C&H CAMHS Alliance; C&H Dementia Alliance; C&H Primary Care Alliance; Hackney SIG

Key stakeholders:

- Residents / Carers
- Local Authorities and the CoL (ASC; PH; MH; LD&A)
- Voluntary & Community Sector;
- Homerton Hospital
- ELFT
- LBH / CoL – Adult Social Care
- LBH CoL – Children Social Care
- Hackney Education
- ELFT – CAMHS / Adults
- HUH CAMHS / Adults / Acute / Paediatrics
- C&H Public Health
- Primary Care / GP Confed
- VSO Partners / SIG

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

Start Well – CAMHS / Improving wellbeing and MH (ACEs), improving outcomes for CYP with SEND, complex health needs, ASD and LD, increasing immunisations and vaccinations, reducing maternity inequalities and improving perinatal mental health

Live Well - Neighbourhoods (Proactive Care, Community Navigation); Better Care Fund Partnership; Primary / Secondary Care Interface; Long Term Conditions Management

Age Well - Discharge Improvement Programme; Integrated Urgent Care - NEL Same Day Access Programme, Enhanced Community Response (Virtual Wards and Urgent Community Response), Frailty / Proactive Care

Mental Health - ADHD / ASD Assessment and Aftercare (All ages) – Backlog and Waiting times; Adult Talking Therapies – Integrated Pathways. Quality Improvement. Demand / Capacity and Waiting Times; Community Transformation / Continued Improvement with Neighbourhoods offer – aligning existing provision; Neurodevelopmental Pathways Review (CYP); Crisis / T3.5 Pathways Review (Including ICCS, Surge and IST); Whole System Approach (iThrive) – CYP Emotional Health and Wellbeing

Continue to enhance THRIVE working with Schools (WAMHS / MHSTs integration) / Youth Hubs (Super Youth Hub); SMI Pathway Improvement

Improving and optimising 117 Aftercare;

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

All our work is aimed at improving the health and wellbeing of our local residents and reducing inequalities

Start Well

- Reductions in crisis mental health presentations to ED for CYP and Improvements in mental health and wellbeing outcomes for specific communities
- An increase % of children achieving good level of development - Improved health and educational outcomes for those at risk of exclusion and those with complex needs, SEND and autism and LAC
- Increase immunisation coverage
- A reduction in infant mortality rate, and in the rate of neonatal mortality and stillbirths, including a reduction in inequalities in maternity and birth outcomes for children and families. Improvements in patient experience.

Live Well and Age Well

- Patients will feel safe and supported with any ongoing care needs following a hospital admission
- Patients will know about services are available and have increased confidence in them to meet their needs
- Patients feel supported to access the care they need
- Patients will have more care being provided outside hospital, closer to their home, where appropriate

Mental Health

- **Improved experience, waiting times and overall quality of care** - Neurodevelopmental assessment (CAMHS and Adults); Psychological therapies intervention (CAMHS and Adults); 117 Aftercare; Wellbeing in School and Youth Hubs; Crisis Care including Crisis prevention and wellbeing
- **Better meeting the needs of residents who experience greater health inequalities** - Protected characteristics – Equalities act; Social deprivation; Serious mental illness; Neurodevelopmental (ASD / ADHD / LD); Looked After Children / Care Leavers].

Engagement with the public:

- Healthwatch
- Programme / Project Service-user reps
- Engagement with the public
- Advocacy Project (MHIC)
- Alliance coproduction and Participation
- Maternity voices partnership
- SEND parent carer forum

Health Inequalities

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

Health inequalities exist between NEL and the rest of the country – for example we have particularly high rates of children with excess weight and poor vaccination and screening uptake – but they also exist between our places and communities. These inequalities are avoidable and unfair and drive poorer outcomes for our population. We want to improve equity in access, experience and outcomes across NEL. To do this we have made reducing health inequalities a cross-cutting theme that is embedded within all of our programmes and services within places and across NEL – everyone has a role to play.

Key stakeholders:

Public health teams
Local authority departments
Voluntary and community sector
Primary care
NHS trusts
NHS E and TPHC
ICB

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Dedicated health inequalities funding has been provided to each place-based partnership to lead locally determined programmes to reduce health inequalities within their local communities. These projects will be evaluated and the learning shared and showcased.
- Development of a NEL Health Equity Academy to support all people and organisations working in health and care in NEL to be equipped with the knowledge, skills and confidence to reduce health inequalities for the benefit of local people
- Implementation of a community pharmacy scheme to provide targeted pharmacist advice and free over the counter medicines for people on low incomes and experiencing social vulnerability across NEL, to support our communities in the context of cost of living pressures.
- Taking a Population Health Management (PHM) approach, led by places and neighbourhoods, will support frontline teams to identify high risk groups and identify unmet need. A PHM Roadmap has been developed for NEL and is being implemented.
- Embedding the NEL Anchor Charter, working with system partners to ensure we are measuring and creating the opportunities that being an anchor institution affords are leveraged for our local population, to address structural inequalities such as ensuring the NHS in NEL is a London Living Wage accredited employer, embedding social value in procurement process and better utilising our infrastructure to support community activation and supporting a greener, healthier future.
- Delivering our ICS Green Plan including developing an Air Quality Programme, ICS wide net zero training programme, and embedding net zero into our procurement processes to support our aim of reducing our collective carbon footprint by 80% by 2028 and to net zero by 2040.
- Improving access to primary care for health inclusion groups (homeless and refugee and asylum seekers) through safe surgery programme, supported discharge for homeless through the out of hospital care programme, supporting families in temp accommodation to access support out of borough, commissioning a NEL wide initial health assessment for those seeking sanctuary housed in contingency accommodation, and commissioning a needs assessment for health inclusion in NEL to identify needs for other underserved groups that require focus.

Details of engagement undertaken with Places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

- NEL Population Health and Inequalities Steering Group is made up of representatives from places and collaboratives, and leads from across the ICS.
- Significant engagement across the system on what is useful from a Health Equity Academy
- Engagement from across the system on Anchors, Net-zero and health inclusion around homelessness and refugee and asylum seeker programmes

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Reduced differences in health care access, experience and outcomes between communities within NEL, particularly for people from global majority communities, people with learning disabilities and autism, people who are homeless, people living in poverty, and for carers.
- Improved health life expectancy for all communities across NEL, irrespective of who you are or where you live.
- Our population receives more inclusive, culturally competent and trusted services, underpinned by robust equity data.

Engagement with the public:

Engagement on specific topics, and in depth at place level.

Prevention

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

We want to increase our focus as a system on prevention of ill-health and earlier intervention. This means increasing our focus and resources ‘upstream’, to prevent illness in the first place.

Preventive health offers need to be appropriate for all in our diverse communities, and will only be effective if we also work to address the wider determinants of health.

In NEL we face significant challenges around preventable ill health, for example more than 40% children are overweight or obese and nearly all of our places have worse screening rates for breast, bowel and cervical cancer than England. This has an impact on health outcomes, demand for care and health inequalities, so these are key drivers for enhanced action.

Key stakeholders:

- Public health teams
- Local authority departments
- Voluntary and community sector
- Primary care
- NHS trusts

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Mobilising tobacco dependence treatment services across all of our trusts so that they are available in all inpatient, maternity and community services, and making these services sustainable for the long term.
- Alcohol care teams (ACTs) have been established at the Royal London Hospital and Homerton Hospital, and we will continue to make these services sustainable moving forwards and make the case to expand coverage to other hospitals in NEL.
- Population Health Management (PHM) is a key methodology that can be utilised as an approach using population health data as a means of targeting cohorts of our population that will benefit from focused approaches that include preventative interventions where appropriate. NEL ICB has recently employed a dedicated PHM lead who will be supporting places to deliver prevention intervention across NEL through improved population cohort analysis, intervention design and evaluation of intervention outcomes.
- Delivering equitable vaccination programmes in NEL builds on our experience during the Covid-19 pandemic and will continue to deliver according to national programmes and local need. We will work as a system to work with and target communities with low vaccination rates
- Cancer prevention, awareness and screening is a focus of the work of the NEL Cancer Alliance, who are strongly involved with active awareness campaigns targeting our local NEL population. These campaigns cover different cancers and aim to raise awareness and prevent cancer and support early diagnosis. For example, prostate, lung, breast, cervical and endometrial cancer awareness campaigns have been developed targeting population cohorts.
- Anchor Institutes are evolving across our system with all of our NHS Trusts and Local Authority Chief Executives having signed up to the NEL Anchor Charter. These are a set of principles that support using our institutions and the organisations as assets to better support out local communities. These aim to help tackle and reduce the wider determinants of health supporting prevention of ill health alongside health inequalities.
- We will deliver Long Term Condition programme collaboratively (for example cardiovascular, stroke, respiratory and diabetic related diseases) ensuring they are aligned with the national and regional programmes that focuses on entire pathways from LTCs prevention to escalations of LTC management within acute care. The NEL LTCs teams are linking in with systemwide colleagues with several key activities focused on LTC prevention and early identification.

Details of engagement undertaken with Places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios:

Key prevention engagement related to specific programmes are well documented by each of the organisations and programmes leading on each area of work.

Central NEL ICB oversight of all prevention related engagement across all programmes and services is a challenge and therefore an alternative approach is to ensure that the system (via Places, Collaboratives and workstreams) is able to identify, scale and spread those areas of Prevention engagement which has proven successful.

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Increased smoking quits, leading to a wide range of improved health outcomes and lives saved, particularly in more deprived communities.
- ACTs support patients experiencing harm as a result of alcohol use disorders, and will lead to a reduction of alcohol-related conditions such as CVD, cancers and liver disease, as well as harm from accidents, violence and self-harm.
- There is a commitment over time to increase the proportion of our budget that is dedicated to prevention and earlier interventions, this would be done concurrently to shifting the system partners have a greater focus on prevention.
- Our anchor institutions will also begin to play more of a role in tackling poverty and promoting social and economic development.
- A maturing infrastructure including population health management awareness and digital population data availability will help impact the NEL system in supporting prevention by helping to identify those population cohorts that will greatly benefit from prevention and earlier intervention services and engagement.
- NEL ICB has developed a draft Immunisation Strategy with system partners to build on the legacy of the covid vaccination programme. This will be refined in line with the National Immunisation Strategy. The ambition is to build on the digital advancements for service delivery, develop the workforce to support access for local people and embed engagement with all communities to support uptake of vaccinations across the whole life course, thereby preventing ill health.

Engagement with the public:

Key public engagement is occurring within our workstreams that encompass a preventative element. For example as mentioned Cancer and Long term conditions

Personalised Care

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

Personalised care involves changes in the culture of how health and care is delivered. It means holistically focussing on what matters to people, considering their individual strengths and their individual needs. This approach is particularly important to the diverse and deprived populations of NEL, where health inequalities have been exacerbated by the pandemic and further compounded by the cost of living increase. Embedding personalised care approaches into clinical practice and care, which take into account the whole person and address all their needs holistically will ensure our most vulnerable communities are supported in the years ahead. We have built a strong foundation for personalised care over the last three years as a system, with an early focus on social prescribing and personal health budgets. Our vision is to lead and enable the delivery of the six components of personalised care and embed these in local population health approaches.

Key stakeholders:

Primary care
Place-based directors
Local authority
Public health teams
VCSFE
NHSE and TPHC
Acute teams e.g. social prescribing & discharge

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

- Ensuring all social prescribing link workers can capture the NEL social prescribing minimum dataset via a digital template and analyse the data in a PowerBI dashboard
- Expanding the implementation of Joy platform across NEL to provide a directory of service platform in alignment with Fuller actions relating to same day access
- Developing personalised care workforce plans with primary care and training hubs to support the Fuller actions relating to integrated neighbourhood teams
- Support equity of offer and quality assurance of personal health budgets across NEL for the Right to Have cohorts
- Piloting new approaches to deliver personal health budgets for rough sleepers and discharge from hospital to support underserved groups and address winter planning pressures
- Developing a strategy to embed creative health in services across the system with specific focus on addressing health inequalities
- Promote supported self-management and digital enablement through Patients Know Best
- Standardise personalised care and support planning including increasing use of digital tools e.g. Patients Know Best and Universal Care Plan
- Invest in social prescribing 'community chests' to increase resources in the community and voluntary sector locally, targeted at addressing local inequalities and providing social value to our communities where it is needed most.

Details of engagement undertaken with Places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

- NEL Population Health and Inequalities Steering Group is made up of representatives from places and collaboratives, and leads from across the ICS
- Engagement with place at the CPPO SMG

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Local people are asked what matters to them in setting their treatment or care goals and can access a wide range of non-medical support in the community.
- Particularly vulnerable people and underserved groups are identified and given additional support to access services ensuring their experience and outcomes of care are equitable.

Engagement with the public:

- Engagement on specific topics, and in depth at place level

Learning System

Portfolio vision, mission and key drivers:

The transition to an Integrated Care System has provided an opportunity to work in a different way in how we deliver and approach change to services within north east London. In order to improve the care we provide our residents, it is crucial to embed the improvement process of learning from the current delivery. As such the ICB needs provide an environment that facilitates the ability to deliver a systematic approach to iterative data-driven improvement

To ensure an effective learning system, the organisational culture must support a strong learning approach. The three stage learning cycle (learning before, during and after) describes how staff can interact with the learning system to inform their work. Each stage is informed by the following principles:

- We are well-informed – before we act, we fully consider the impact of our decisions on individual, community and system outcomes and equity.
- We are responsive – we are effectively monitoring our interventions and taking action in a timely manner
- We reciprocate –we work together sharing knowledge openly and valuing collaboration over competition

Key stakeholders:

Quality and safety
Complaints
Strategy
Programme Management Office
Place-based directors

Key programmes of work that will deliver the vision and mission

Initial scoping still to be concluded and so no programme of work has been developed/

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Details of engagement undertaken with Places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

First discussion meeting yet to take place and so as yet no engagement has taken place

Summary of the benefits/impact that north east London local people will experience by April 2025 and April 2027:

- Participation in evidence-informed decision making, promoting legitimacy
- Development of a localised evidence-base, helping us to make decisions most suitable to our context and populations
- Reduction in duplication, improving productivity and sustainability
- Proportionate approaches to transformation, improvement and innovation, not driven by whim or external pressures

Engagement with the public:

First discussion meeting yet to take place and so as yet no engagement has taken place with Places, collaboratives and other ICB portfolios

Co-Production

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PLACE

HOLDER

SLIDE

<SLIDE IN DEVELOPMENT>

High Trust Environment

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PLACE

HOLDER

SLIDE

<SLIDE IN DEVELOPMENT>

6. Implications and next steps

Lessons Learnt

Post the submission of the first NEL Joint Forward Plan 23/24 an ‘after action review’ was undertaken in order to reflect on the work undertaken by those stakeholders involved in developing the first Joint Forward Plan. The review included aspects such as recognising what went well and what lessons can be learnt. These outputs were considered when developing the JFP 24/25 refreshed document and will continue to be built upon going forward as the JFP will be refreshed annually.

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| What went well? | What can we learn for next time? |
|---|--|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Capturing what key stakeholders are doing in one place▪ Engagement and developing the place contributions at place▪ Good support from PMO team▪ Worked well with local authorities▪ Involvement from wider range of people across the system▪ Summary slides are effective in the plan▪ Collaborative working | <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ensuring that the early draft documents are shared with leads• Ensuring the right people are involved in writing narrative• Too many people involved in drafting JFP, need to narrow this down to only key people that should be involved• Ensuring clinicians are involved from primary care perspective• Need clearer delivery milestones• Clearer guidelines, more notice, understand purpose, value and benefits• Better planning and give enough notice to leads• More connected across finance/strategy/programme in developing the plan• Be clear on how this links with wider programmes/ collaboratives/ Places• Co-ordination of plans at NEL and local level• Need clearer understanding of governance and decision making, accountabilities around programme areas• Ability of contributors to raise queries and seek clarification as required |

How will we know we have succeeded - NEL Outcomes Framework

- The interim North East London Integrated Care Strategy was published and adopted by the Integrated Care Board in January 2023.
- The strategy highlights our four system priorities for improving quality and outcomes and address health inequalities as well as our six crosscutting themes which are part of the new approach for working together across NEL.
- The strategy was developed in conjunction with system partners, along with a set of 61 success measures, which aimed to measure delivery against the priorities and crosscutting themes.
- This slide deck outlines the steps we are proposing to develop an outcomes framework.

What do we mean by an outcomes framework?

- An outcomes framework is a way for us to measure the effectiveness of our ICS strategy by focusing on the outcomes that are achieved, rather than just the activities that are carried out. That way we can assess whether our strategy is making a positive difference in people's lives.

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In order to support the development of the outcomes framework, the below principles have been drafted to shape the design and implementation:

- **Assess delivery against ICS strategic themes and objectives**
- **Demonstrate current delivery on priority areas**
- **Develop outcome measures in conjunction with transformation leads, provider collaboratives, and ICS partner organizations**
- **Avoid developing an outcomes framework in the model of a performance framework**
- **Importance of recognising that outcomes are often long-term goals**
- **Assess wider population health measures rather than focus on statutory or mandated targets**
- **Make the system responsible for delivering metrics**

The NEL approach

- Start by mapping existing population health indicators aligned to each success measure

- Work with transformation leads to identify overarching transformation metrics which can provide system level outcomes

- Work with analytics team to assess whether data to support the measures current exists or new data sources need to be explored

- Test outcomes framework with senior leaders – does it meet their needs?

Where system level metrics do not currently exist, we may require a number of proxy measures which enable the system to accurately review delivery against the success measures.

If no, refine measures

Next steps for our transformation programmes

- As the early analysis shows, all programmes within the portfolio can demonstrate alignment with elements of the integrated care strategy and operating plan requirements. The extent to which the portfolio responds to the more specific challenges described in the first half of this plan is more variable.
- Our shared task now is to prioritise (and therefore deprioritise) work within the current portfolio according to alignment with the integrated care strategy, operating plan requirements, and additional specific local challenges.
- This task is especially urgent in light of the highly constrained financial environment that the system faces, along with the upcoming significant reduction in the workforce within NHS North East London available to deliver transformation.
- The work required to achieve this is two-fold – part technical and part engagement – and will be carried out in parallel, with the technical work providing a progressively richer basis for engagement across all system partners and with local people.

Technical work

Tightening descriptions of the current programmes of work as the basis to inform prioritisation, especially:

- the **quantifiable beneficial impact** on local people, beyond the broad increases or decreases in certain measures currently signalled;
- the definition of **firm milestones** on the way to delivering these benefits;
- the **financial investment** in each programme and the anticipated returns on this investment; and
- quantifying the **staff resource** going into all programmes, and from all system partners.

Engagement

There is an important cross-system conversation needed, that enables us to create a portfolio calibrated to the competing pressures on it. Principle pressures to explore through engagement include:

- achieving early results that relieve current system pressures and creating the resources to focus on achieving longevity of impact from transformation around prevention;
- implementing transformation with a wide range of benefits across access, experience, and outcomes and ensuring, in the current financial climate, that we achieve the necessary short-term financial benefits;
- focussing on north east London's own local priorities and being open to additional regional or national opportunities, especially where new funding is attached;
- focussing on fewer large-impact transformation programmes and achieving a breadth that reflects the diversity of need and plurality of ambition across north east London; and
- ensuring that benefits are realised from transformation work already in train and pivoting to implementing programmes explicitly in line with current priorities.

We will continue to evolve as a system

Our system has been changing rapidly over recent years, including the inception of provider collaboratives, the launch of seven place based partnerships, the merger of seven CCGs followed by the creation of the statutory integrated care board and integrated care partnership in July 2022.

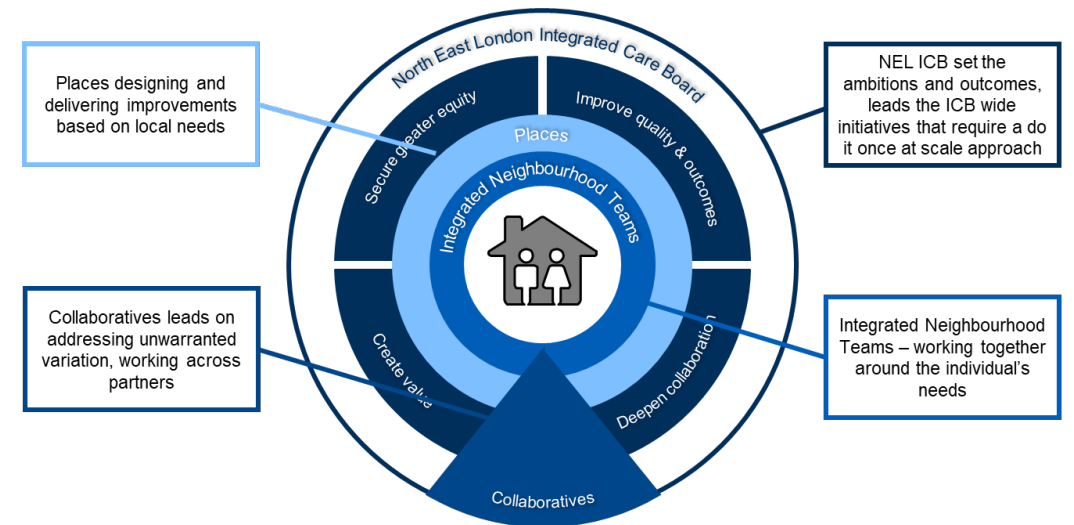
Since becoming an ICS we have designed our way of working around teams operating:

- At **Place** delivering services and improvement for Neighbourhoods and Place;
- In **Collaboratives** reducing unwarranted variation, driving efficiency and building greater equity;

Page 84 For **NEL** sharing best practice, implementing NEL solutions for NEL work, providing programmatic support and oversight, and delivering enabling functions to our organisation and ICS through a business partner model.

Coordination between our Places, Collaboratives and NEL wide programmes is critical so that we:

- Operate as a learning system and spread best practice
- Ensure that activity, transformation and engagement happens at the most appropriate level, duplication is reduced and tensions are identified and resolved
- Identify where there is NEL work which should be done once for NEL
- Deliver value for money
- Deliver beneficial and sustained impact for the health and wellbeing of local people.



We are now looking to work with our partners to further develop how we work together, underpinned by our ambition to create a **High Trust Environment** that supports integration and collaboration and to operate as a **Learning System** driven by research and innovation.

Designing together *how* we want to work will be as critical as agreeing *what* we want to deliver.

This will help us get greater clarity on the responsibilities of different parts of the system, and critically how we want each part of the system to interact with another to enable integration and continuous improvement.

Tower Hamlets Together - Our Plan

February 2024

**TOWER HAMLETS
TOGETHER**

*Delivering better health
through partnership*

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Agenda Item 4

Tower Hamlets Together

Who are we?

THT is a partnership of health and care organisations that are responsible for the planning and delivery of health and care services.

The partnership includes:

- London Borough of Tower Hamlets
- NHS North East London Integrated Care Board
- Tower Hamlets GP Care Group
- East London NHS Foundation Trust
- Barts Health NHS Trust
- Tower Hamlets Council for Voluntary Service
- Healthwatch Tower Hamlets

THT is all about health and social care organisations working more closely to improve the health and lives of people living in Tower Hamlets. This means a more coordinated approach to providing services, reducing duplication and improving the overall experience and outcomes for the people who need them.

What are our driving values & leadership principles?

THT values

We are compassionate
We collaborate
We are inclusive
We are accountable

- Be clear about our shared purpose and be stewards of the collective good
- Be curious and interested in each other's perspectives to inspire change
- Be empowered to tell it like it is and move to action quickly
- Be compassionate to each other by recognising the impact of wider 'system effects'
- Celebrate innovation and recognise early adopters who take initiative
- Share power with those who have real life experiences and have the agency to make change

What are we trying to achieve?

In collaboration with staff and residents, we have developed specific population outcomes based on the following:

- Residents live the healthiest lives possible, especially the most deprived and vulnerable
- Children and young people have a great start to life and achieve their full potential
- Residents are able to access the health and social care services they need in a timely manner
- Residents are satisfied with the health and care services they receive and feel that their needs are being well met
- The system exceeds the required national performance standards within the available resources.

| Domain | I-Statement | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|--|
| Integrated health and care system | I feel like services work together to provide me with good care | I believe the trust, confidence and relationships are in place to work together with services to decide the right next steps for us as a whole community | I want to see money being spent in the best way to deliver local services | |
| Wider determinants of health | I am able to support myself and my family financially | I am satisfied with my home and where I live | I am able to breathe cleaner air in the place where I live | I feel safe from harm in my community |
| Healthy Lives | I am supported to make healthy choices | I understand the ways to live a healthy life | | |
| Quality of Care & Support | Regardless of who I am, I am able to access care services for my physical and mental health | I am able to access safe and high quality services (when I need them) | I am confident that those providing my care are competent, happy and kind | I have a positive experience of the services I access, overall |
| Quality of Life | I have a good level of happiness and wellbeing | I am supported to live the life I want | My children get the best possible start in life | I play an active part in my community |

OUR MISSION

Support all children and adults to live happy and healthy lives in Tower Hamlets, through providing integrated services that are accessible to all and actively tackle health inequalities, particularly those caused by systemic racism

OUR VISION

- Tower Hamlets residents, whatever their backgrounds and needs, are supported to self-care, thrive and achieve their health and life goals
- Health and social care services in Tower Hamlets are accessible, high quality, good value and designed around people's needs, across physical and mental health and throughout primary, secondary and social care
- Service users, carers and residents and children are active and equal partners in health and care, equipped to work collaboratively with THT partners to plan, deliver and strengthen local services
- All residents - no matter their ethnicity, religion, gender, age, sexuality, disability or health needs - experience equitable access to and experience of services, and are supported to achieve positive health outcomes

OBJECTIVES

1. **Building the resilience and wellbeing of our communities** including mobilising residents to deliver wellbeing and support within their communities, particularly to the most vulnerable and those who are isolated and focussing upon the health of children, which will have the most profound impact on long-term outcomes
2. **Maintaining people's independence in the community** - ensuring multi-agency working across primary, community, acute and social care to meet needs effectively and reduce the need for avoidable admission or for escalation of support unnecessarily
3. **Reducing the time people need to be in hospitals/care homes** - ensuring people are cared for in the community or their own homes whenever this is safe and receive a good level of care when in a hospital/care home

PRIORITIES FOR ACTION

1. Improving access to primary and urgent care
2. Building resilience and self-care to prevent and manage long term conditions
3. Implementing a localities and neighbourhoods model
4. Facilitating a smooth and rapid process for hospital discharge into community care services
5. Being an anti-racist and equity driven health care system
6. Ensuring that babies, children and young people get the best start in life
7. Providing integrated mental health services and interventions

- **Improving access to primary and urgent care**
Ensuring residents can equally access high quality primary and urgent care services when and where they need them
- **Building resilience and self-care to prevent and manage long term conditions**
Working across services and with residents and communities to build greater resilience and self-care to more effectively prevent long term conditions from occurring and to better manage existing conditions to prevent deterioration
- **Implementing a localities and neighbourhoods model**
Ensuring that every resident can access the health and care services they need to support their continued health and wellbeing within their local area or neighbourhood, including GP, pharmacy, dental and leisure facilities
- **Facilitating a smooth and rapid process for hospital discharge into community care services**
Working across services to ensure there is a smooth and rapid process for discharging residents from hospital to suitable community-based care settings when they are ready for this transition, and to prevent avoidable bed-blocking and improve outcomes
- **Being an anti-racist and equity driven health and care system**
Ensuring our health and care system and services are achieving equitable outcomes for all residents and addressing inequalities that exist, e.g. access, experience, representation and outcomes
- **Ensuring that Babies, Children and Young People get the best start in life**
Delivering a range of priorities that will ensure that babies, children and young people (and their families) are supported to get the best start in life, especially where they have additional needs
- **Providing integrated Mental Health services and interventions**
Providing integrated services and interventions to promote and improve the mental wellbeing of our residents



Strategic Implementation of the Tower Hamlets Partnership Plan

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&WB

January 2024

Agenda Item 5



Questions for the H&WB



- 1. How aligned are the H&WB partnership's plans and priorities to the calls to action in the Partnership Plan?**
- 2. How can we strengthen horizontal/ cross cutting relationships across the partnerships to support the delivery of our ambitious partnership plan?**



A Tower Hamlets for All: A New Shared Vision and Partnership Plan



- **A new shared vision:** Residents and partners working together to improve quality of life, advance equality, opportunity and empowered communities
- **Shared outcomes** including **to address inequalities**, improve neighbourhoods and tackle climate change
- Each call to action can add value to current work and **prepare us for the challenges and opportunities of the future**

Our vision is supported by five cross-cutting calls to action where the partnership believes we can empower action together

Call to action 1: Tower Hamlets will be a fair, inclusive and an anti-racist borough

Call to action 2: Everyone in Tower Hamlets should be able to enjoy good mental health and wellbeing

Call to action 3: Everyone in Tower Hamlets should feel safe and live in good-quality homes and healthy, inviting neighbourhoods

Call to action 4: Everyone in Tower Hamlets should have access to good work and skills and an income that meets their needs

Call to action 5: A child-friendly borough where children and young people from all backgrounds thrive, achieve their best, have opportunities, and are listened to



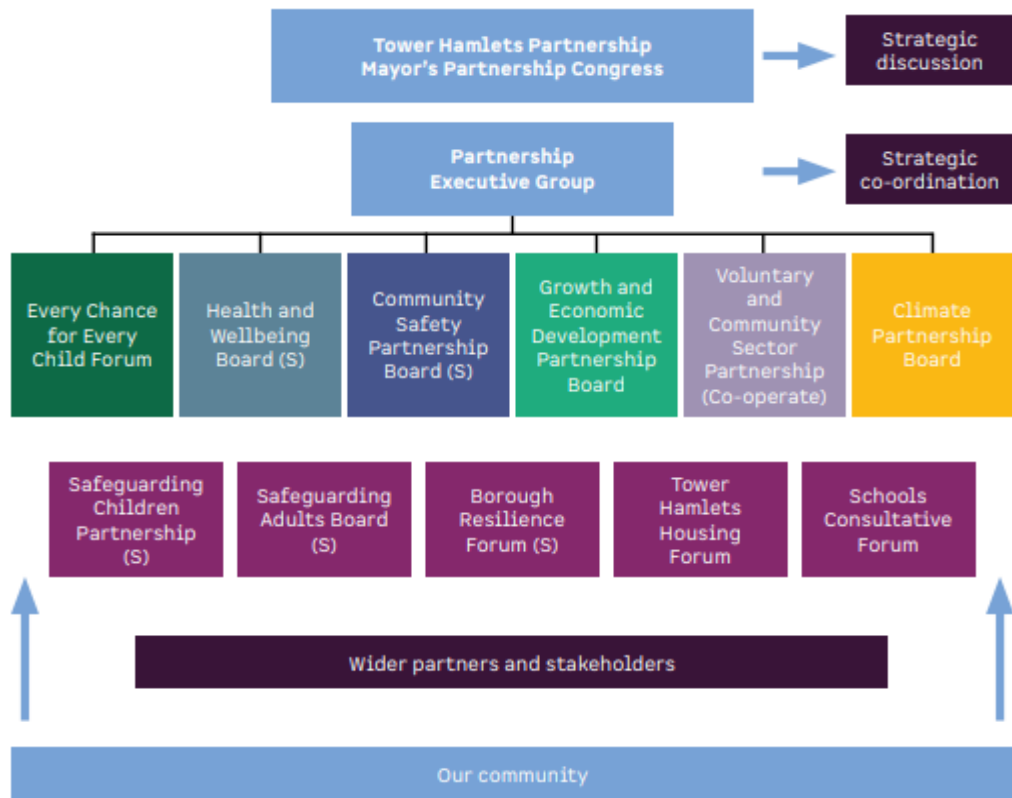
Working together: our Tower Hamlets Partnership



Our vision: Residents and partners working together to improve quality of life, advance equality, opportunity, and empowered communities

The vision is supported by new system-wide improvement principles that will guide the way we work together:

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(S) = Statutory

- **A clear focus** – aligning communications and improving collaboration and join-up
- Every organisation in the partnership will contribute to **delivering the calls to action**
- We will communicate and challenge each other to **raise standards** and tackle the most difficult issues
- **Residents will play their part** through involvement and action
- Building **tri-sector partnerships** for research, skills, and job opportunities
- Defining a research agenda linked to our partner objectives – **evidence-led and impact-driven**
- **An economy that is inclusive**



How the partnership maps onto our priorities



Five cross-cutting calls to action

Tower Hamlets will be a fair, inclusive and anti-racist borough

Everyone in TH should be able to enjoy good mental health and wellbeing

Everyone in Tower Hamlets should feel safe and live in good-quality homes and healthy, inviting neighbourhoods

Everyone in TH should have access to good jobs and skills and an income that meets their basic needs

A child-friendly borough where children and young people from all backgrounds thrive, achieve their best, have opportunities, and are listened to

Current areas of strategic focus and LBTH priorities, led by partnership boards.

Inequality Commission Action Plan

Voluntary and Community Sector Strategy

Health and Wellbeing Strategy

Community Safety Partnership Plan

Net Zero Carbon Partnership Action Plan

Growth and Economic Development Strategy

Children and Families Strategy

Equality, inclusion and diversity

Empowered communities and public services

Mental and physical health, and health services access

Safer communities

Clean and green

Jobs, skills, growth, poverty/cost of living

Accelerate education



Reviewing our Partnership to achieve our shared vision



We are undertaking this review because...

- The new partnership plan is significantly more ambitious than the last, and we will need to set ourselves up to achieve that ambition
- There are too many partnerships sitting under the PEG (c.80), and its thematic partnerships (for example subgroups). There is a collective view that the partnership structure may require simplification and improvements in joined-up working.
- There is a question around whether we are making enough use of other strategic forums e.g. the GLA on economy, skills and housing delivery.

The review will work through a Task and Finish Group to:

- **simplify the structure**
- **improve focus**
- **strengthen accountability**
- **and promote transformational partnership working and collaboration.**

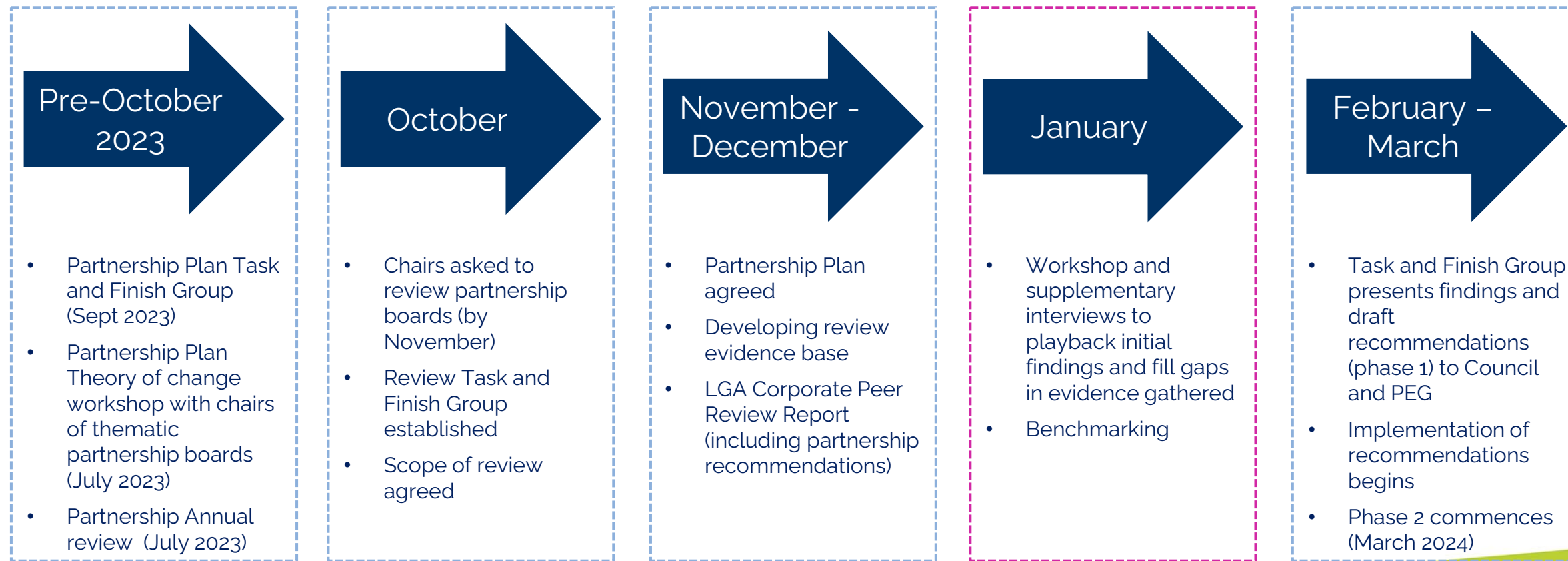


Review timeline



The review is being undertaken by a Task and Finish Group, chaired by Ian Parkes (East London Business Alliance) and Sufia Alam (East London Mosque & London Muslim Centre/Inter-Faith Forum), Warwick Tompsett (LBTH), with representation from the Partnership Executive Group and most partnerships, supported by Council Officers.

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Headline feedback from review so far

The data gathered through the review so far is helpful but incomplete, do these findings resonate with your experiences of the Partnership? Is there anything missing?



Strengths:

- Strong commitment to partnership working across the partnerships, partners are invested in the partnership plan and joint ambitions
- Partnership Plan identifies opportunities and provides framework for better co-ordination
- Partnerships are proud of prior achievements, close operational joint working has deepened relationships and understanding
- Particularly strong communications campaigns with wide reach via partnership buy in
- Strong relationships between the council and statutory partners
- Community Safety work seen as sector leading, a data driven approach
- Health Determinants Research Collaboration joint evidence base for public health focused decision making. A real asset to improving efficacy of partnerships in improving outcomes and reducing health inequalities.

Areas that need further work:

- The partnership structure is overly complex and doesn't make best use of partner, member and council officer time
- Struggling to make the partnership equitable and inclusive, smaller organisations in particular struggle with the number of meetings
- Accountability for delivering outcomes weak across the current partnership structure
- Sharper focus on resident priorities and on areas where we can only make progress together
- Relationship with regional/ national strategic forums needs strengthening
- In some partnerships the agenda is driven by council and benefits aren't widely enough shared across partner organisations
- Strengthening relationships with the business community

